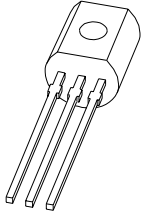


# MAC97A8 MAC97A6



## 1. Description

Logic level sensitive gate triac intended to be interfaced directly to microcontrollers, logic integrated circuits and other low power gate trigger circuits.

Product availability:

MAC97A8 in SOT54 (TO-92)

MAC97A6 in SOT54 (TO-92) available on request - contact your sales representative.

## 2. Features

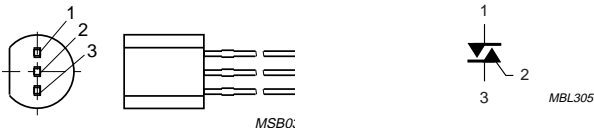
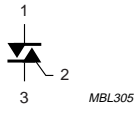
- Blocking voltage to 600 V (MAC97A8)
- RMS on-state current to 0.6 A
- Sensitive gate in all four quadrants
- Low cost package.

## 3. Applications

- General purpose bidirectional switching
- Phase control applications
- Solid state relays.

## 4. Pinning information

**Table 1: Pinning - SOT54 (TO-92), simplified outline and symbol**

Pin	Description	Simplified outline	Symbol
1	main terminal 2		
2	gate		
3	main terminal 1		

**SOT54 (TO-92)**

# MAC97A8 MAC97A6

## 5. Quick reference data

**Table 2: Quick reference data**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{\text{DRM}}$	repetitive peak off-state voltage				
	MAC97A8	$T_j = 25 \text{ to } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	600	V
	MAC97A6	$T_j = 25 \text{ to } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	400	V
$I_{\text{T(RMS)}}$	on-state current (RMS value)	full sine wave; $T_{\text{lead}} \leq 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 5</a>	–	0.6	A
$I_{\text{TSM}}$	non-repetitive peak on-state current		–	8.0	A

## 6. Limiting values

**Table 3: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{\text{DRM}}$	repetitive peak off-state voltage				
	MAC97A8	$T_j = 25 \text{ to } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	600	V
	MAC97A6	$T_j = 25 \text{ to } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	400	V
$I_{\text{T(RMS)}}$	on-state current (RMS value)	full sine wave; $T_{\text{lead}} \leq 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; <a href="#">Figure 5</a>	–	0.6	A
$I_{\text{TSM}}$	non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ prior to surge			
		$t = 20 \text{ ms}$	–	8.0	A
		$t = 16.7 \text{ ms}$	–	8.8	A
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$	–	0.32	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$di_T/dt$	repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering	$I_{\text{TM}} = 1.0 \text{ A}$ ; $I_{\text{G}} = 0.2 \text{ A}$ ; $di_{\text{G}}/dt = 0.2 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$			
		T2+ G+	–	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
		T2+ G–	–	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
		T2– G–	–	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
		T2– G+	–	10	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$I_{\text{GM}}$	gate current (peak value)	$t = 2 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$ max	–	1	A
$V_{\text{GM}}$	gate voltage (peak value)	$t = 2 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$ max		5	V
$P_{\text{GM}}$	gate power (peak value)	$t = 2 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$ max	–	5	W
$P_{\text{G(AV)}}$	average gate power	$T_{\text{case}} = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; $t = 2 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$ max	–	0.1	W
$T_{\text{stg}}$	storage temperature		–40	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	operating junction temperature		–40	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$

# MAC97A8 MAC97A6

## 7. Thermal characteristics

Table 4: Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-lead)}$	thermal resistance from junction to lead	full cycle	60	K/W
		half cycle	80	K/W
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	mounted on a printed circuit board; lead length = 4 mm; <b>Figure 1</b>	150	K/W

### 7.1 Transient thermal impedance

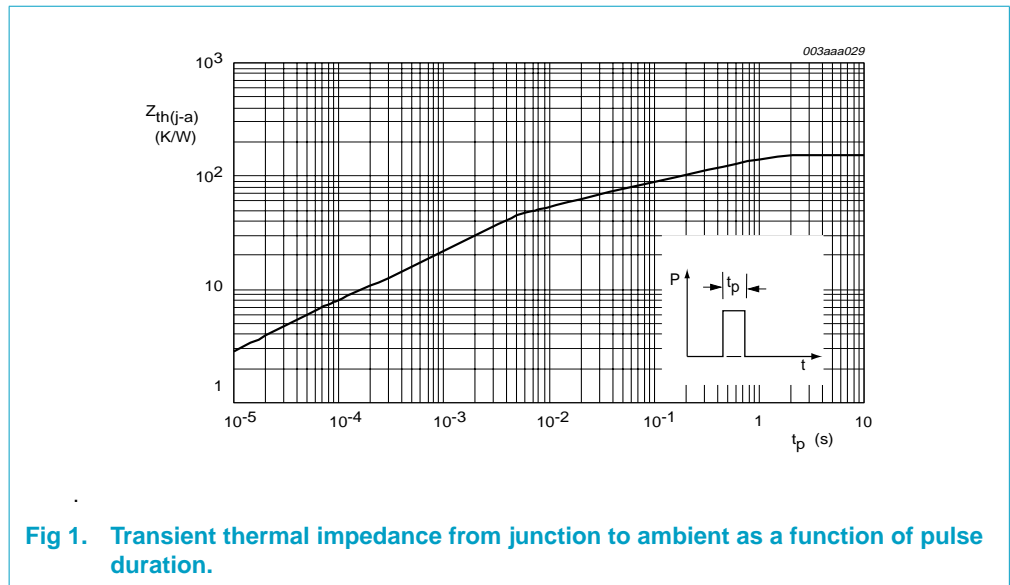


Fig 1. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration.

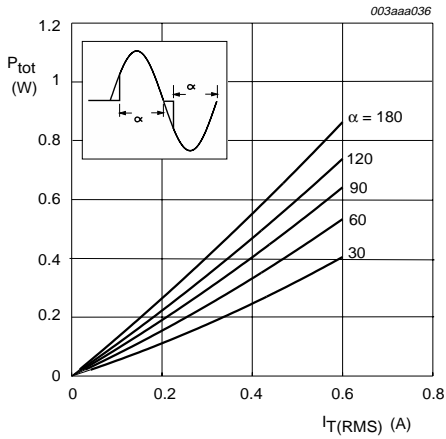
# MAC97A8 MAC97A6

## 8. Characteristics

**Table 5: Characteristics**
*T<sub>j</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified*

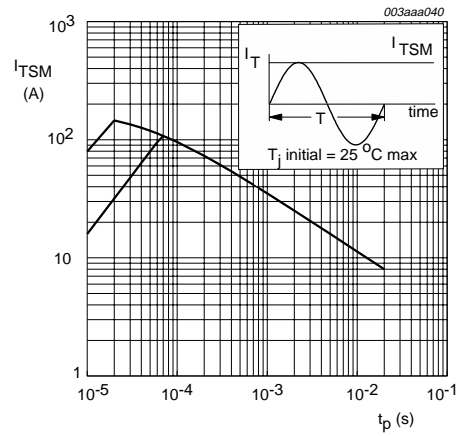
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Static characteristics</b>						
I <sub>GT</sub>	gate trigger current	V <sub>D</sub> = 12 V; I <sub>T</sub> = 0.1 A; <b>Figure 8</b>				
		T2+ G+	–	1	5	mA
		T2+ G–	–	2	5	mA
		T2– G–	–	2	5	mA
		T2– G+	–	4	7	mA
I <sub>L</sub>	latching current	V <sub>D</sub> = 12 V; I <sub>GT</sub> = 0.1 A; <b>Figure 9</b>				
		T2+ G+	–	1	10	mA
		T2+ G–	–	5	10	mA
		T2– G–	–	1	10	mA
		T2– G+	–	2	10	mA
I <sub>H</sub>	holding current	V <sub>D</sub> = 12 V; I <sub>GT</sub> = 0.1 A; <b>Figure 10</b>	–	1	10	mA
V <sub>T</sub>	on-state voltage	I <sub>T</sub> = 0.85 A; <b>Figure 11</b>	–	1.4	1.9	V
V <sub>GT</sub>	gate trigger voltage	V <sub>D</sub> = 12 V; I <sub>T</sub> = 0.1 A; <b>Figure 7</b>	–	0.9	2	V
		V <sub>D</sub> = V <sub>DRM</sub> ; I <sub>T</sub> = 0.1 A; T <sub>j</sub> = 110 °C	0.1	0.7	–	V
I <sub>D</sub>	off-state leakage current	V <sub>D</sub> = V <sub>DRM(max)</sub> ; T <sub>j</sub> = 110 °C	–	3	100	μA
<b>Dynamic characteristics</b>						
dV <sub>D</sub> /dt	critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	V <sub>D</sub> = 67% of V <sub>DM(max)</sub> ; T <sub>case</sub> = 110 °C; exponential waveform; gate open circuit; <b>Figure 12</b>	30	45	–	V/μs
dV <sub>com</sub> /dt	critical rate of rise of commutation voltage	V <sub>D</sub> = rated V <sub>DRM</sub> ; T <sub>case</sub> = 50 °C; I <sub>TM</sub> = 0.84 A; commutating di/dt = 0.3 A/ms	–	5	–	V/μs
t <sub>gt</sub>	gate controlled turn-on time	I <sub>TM</sub> = 1.0 A; V <sub>D</sub> = V <sub>DRM(max)</sub> ; I <sub>G</sub> = 25 mA; di <sub>G</sub> /dt = 5 A/μs	–	2	–	μs

# MAC97A8 MAC97A6



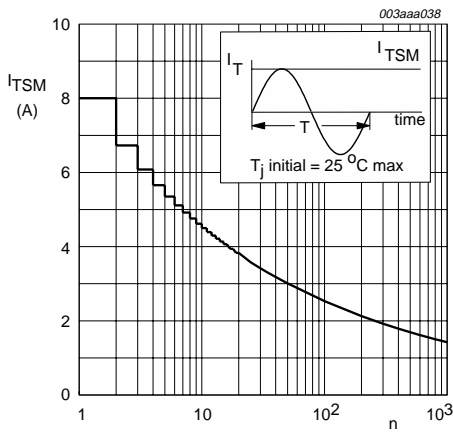
$\alpha$  = conduction angle

**Fig 2. Maximum on-state dissipation as a function of RMS on-state current; typical values.**



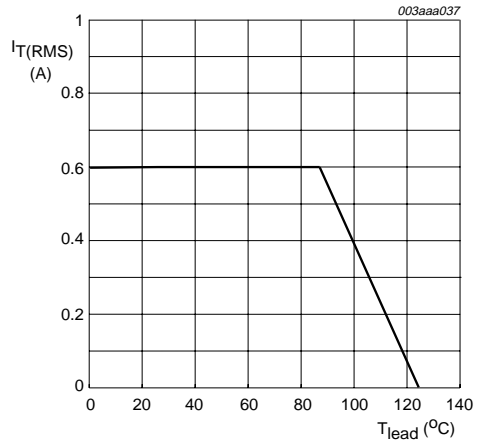
$t_p \leq 20$  ms

**Fig 3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current as a function of pulse width for sinusoidal currents; typical values.**



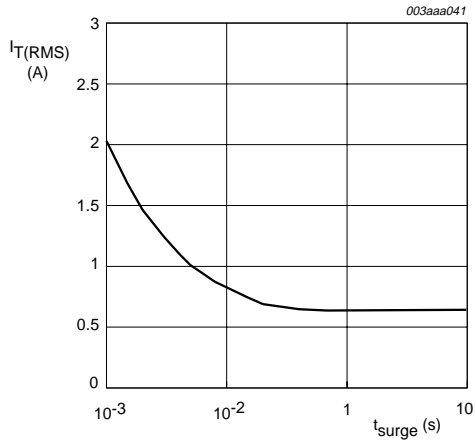
n = number of cycles at  $f = 50$  Hz

**Fig 4. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current as a function of number of cycles for sinusoidal currents; typical values.**



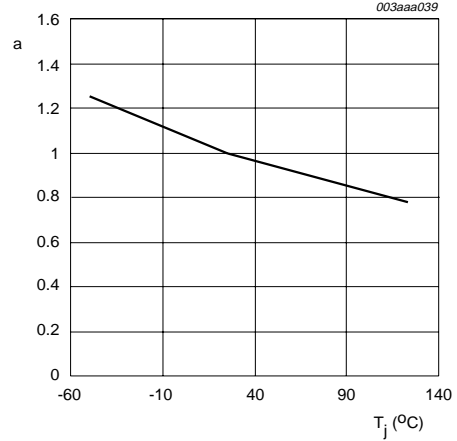
**Fig 5. Maximum permissible RMS current as a function of lead temperature; typical values.**

# MAC97A8 MAC97A6



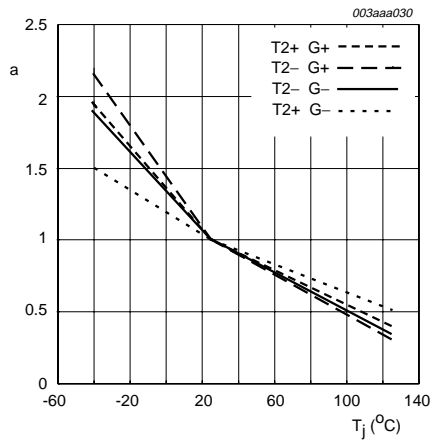
$f = 50 \text{ Hz}; T_{lead} \leq 50 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 6. Maximum permissible repetitive RMS on-state current as a function of surge duration for sinusoidal currents; typical values.**



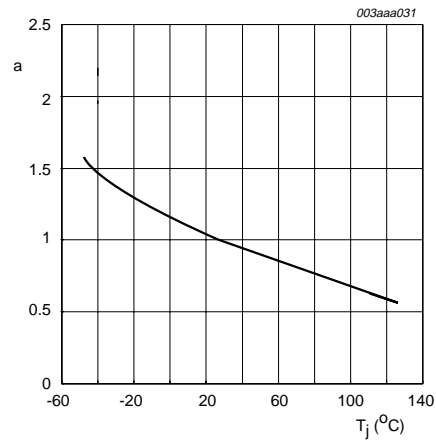
$$a = \frac{V_{GT(T_j)}}{V_{GT(25^\circ\text{C})}}$$

**Fig 7. Normalized gate trigger voltage as a function of junction temperature; typical values.**



$$a = \frac{I_{GT(T_j)}}{I_{GT(25^\circ\text{C})}}$$

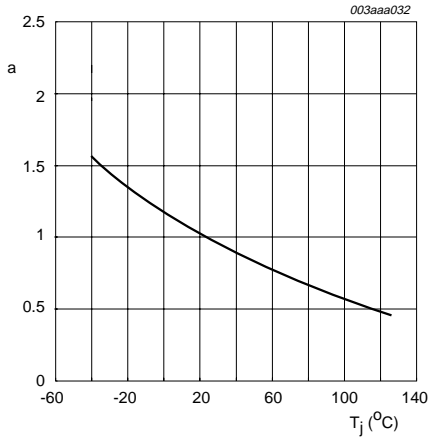
**Fig 8. Normalized gate trigger current as a function of junction temperature; typical values.**



$$a = \frac{I_{L(T_j)}}{I_{L(25^\circ\text{C})}}$$

**Fig 9. Normalized latching current as a function of junction temperature; typical values.**

# MAC97A8 MAC97A6



$$a = \frac{I_{H(T_j)}}{I_{H(25^\circ\text{C})}}$$

Fig 10. Normalized holding current as a function of junction temperature; typical values.

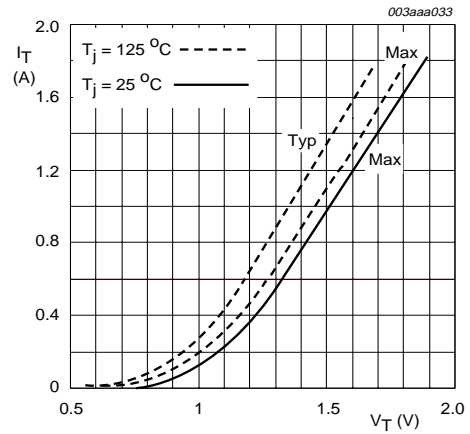


Fig 11. On-state current as a function of on-state voltage; typical and maximum values.

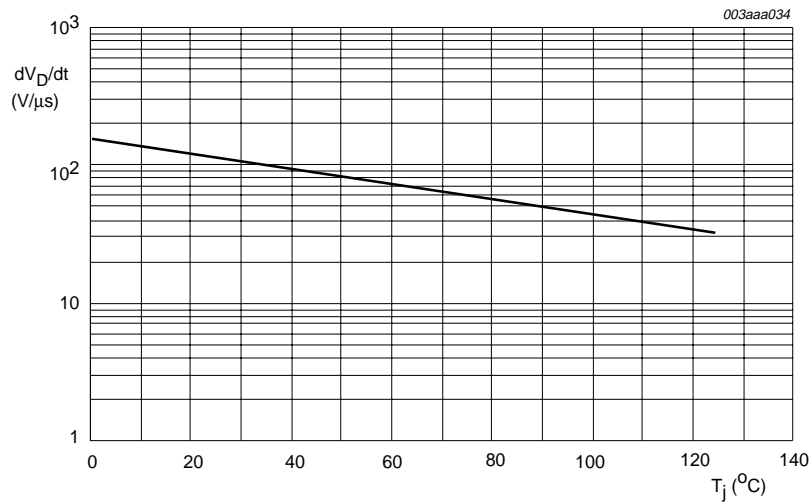


Fig 12. Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage as a function of junction temperature; typical values.

# MAC97A8 MAC97A6

## 9. Package outline

Plastic single-ended leaded (through hole) package; 3 leads

SOT54

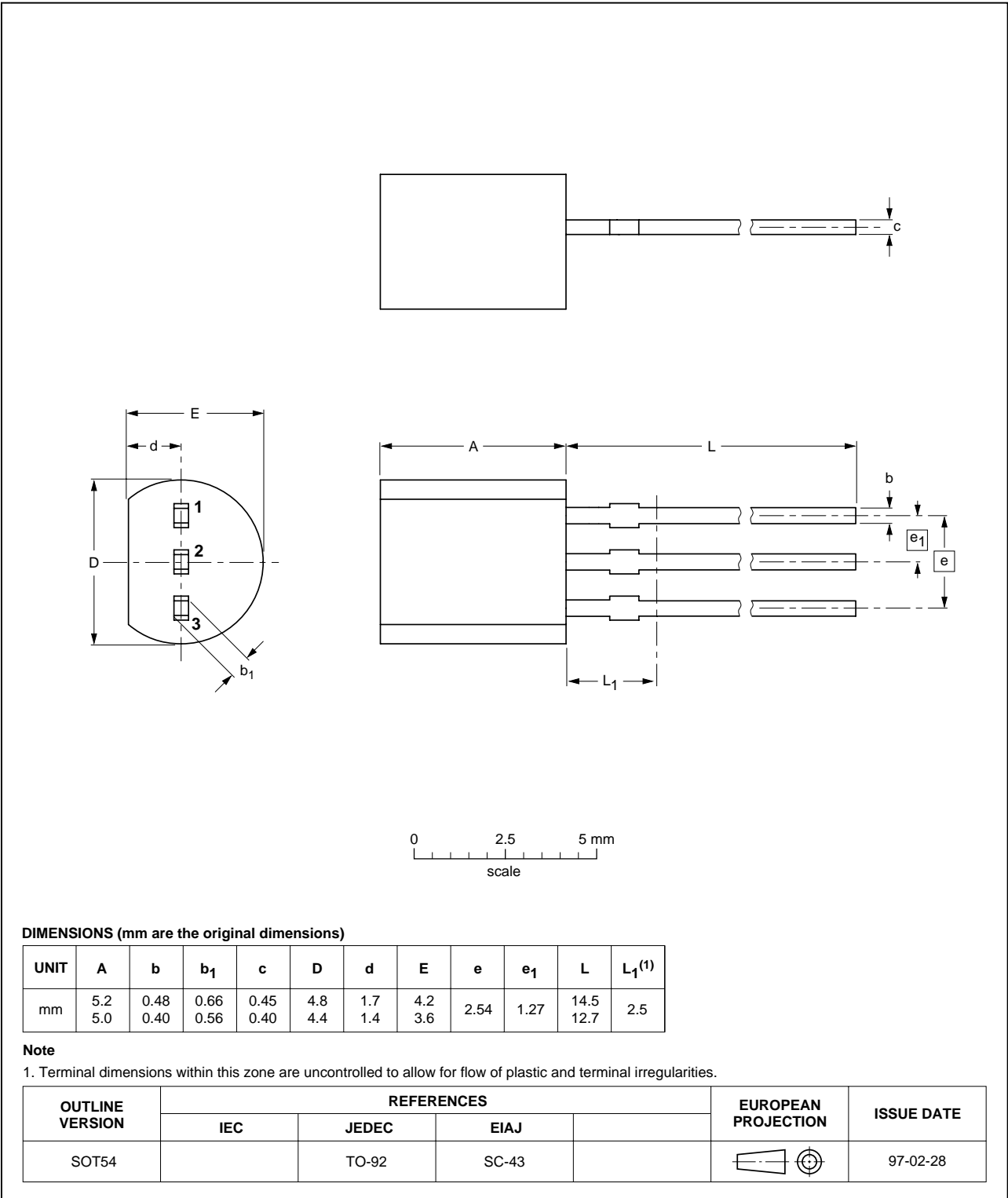


Fig 13. SOT54 (TO-92).





# MAC97A8 MAC97A6

## 10. Revision history

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Table 6: Revision history

Rev	Date	CPCN	Description
01	20010329	-	Product specification; initial version

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