

LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

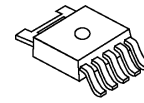
The NJM2856 is a low dropout voltage regulator with ON/OFF control.

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection.

It delivers up to 5V/1A output power with the maximum input voltage of 10V.

The NJM2856 is suitable for various applications such as portable / consumer equipments.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

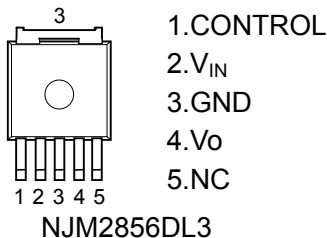


NJM2856DL3

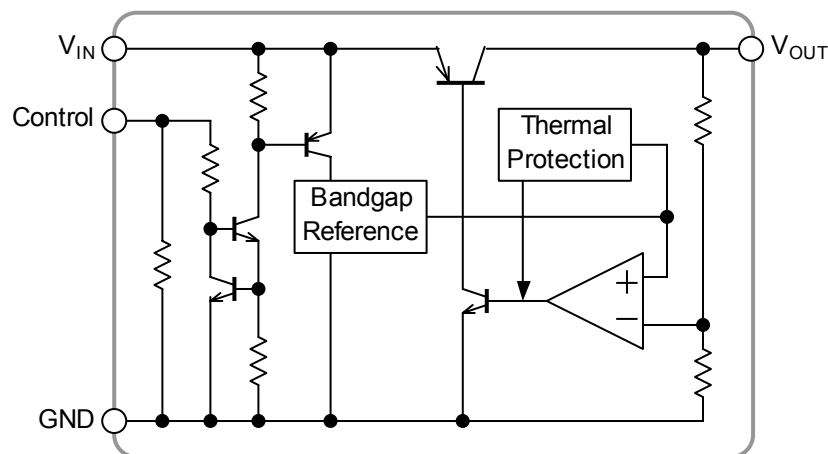
■ FEATURES

- High Ripple Rejection 75dB typ. (f=1kHz,Vo=3V Version)
- Output Noise Voltage Vno=45μVrms typ.
- Output capacitor with 2.2μF ceramic capacitor (Vo≥2.7V)
- Output Current Io(max.)=1A
- High Precision Output Vo±1.0%
- Low Dropout Voltage 0.20V typ. (Io=600mA)
- ON/OFF Control
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline TO-252-5

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

The WHITE column shows applicable Voltage Rank(s)

Device Name	V _{out}	Device Name	V _{out}
NJM2856DL3-15	1.5V	NJM2856DL3-35	3.5V
NJM2856DL3-16	1.6V	NJM2856DL3-36	3.6V
NJM2856DL3-17	1.7V	NJM2856DL3-37	3.7V
NJM2856DL3-18	1.8V	NJM2856DL3-38	3.8V
NJM2856DL3-19	1.9V	NJM2856DL3-39	3.9V
NJM2856DL3-02	2.0V	NJM2856DL3-04	4.0V
NJM2856DL3-21	2.1V	NJM2856DL3-41	4.1V
NJM2856DL3-22	2.2V	NJM2856DL3-42	4.2V
NJM2856DL3-23	2.3V	NJM2856DL3-43	4.3V
NJM2856DL3-24	2.4V	NJM2856DL3-44	4.4V
NJM2856DL3-25	2.5V	NJM2856DL3-45	4.5V
NJM2856DL3-26	2.6V	NJM2856DL3-46	4.6V
NJM2856DL3-27	2.7V	NJM2856DL3-47	4.7V
NJM2856DL3-28	2.8V	NJM2856DL3-48	4.8V
NJM2856DL3-29	2.9V	NJM2856DL3-49	4.9V
NJM2856DL3-03	3.0V	NJM2856DL3-05	5.0V
NJM2856DL3-31	3.1V		
NJM2856DL3-32	3.2V		
NJM2856DL3-33	3.3V		
NJM2856DL3-34	3.4V		

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	+10	V
Control Voltage	V _{CONT}	+10	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	1190(*1)	mW
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +150	°C

(*1): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (114.3x76.2x1.6mm: 2Layers, FR-4, copper area 100mm²)

■ OPERATING VOLTAGE

V_{IN}=+2.5V ~ +8V (In case of Vo<2.3V version)

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN}=Vo+1V, C_{IN}=0.33μF, Co=2.2μF(1.7V<Vo≤2.6V:4.7μF, Vo≤1.7V:10μF), Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	Vo	Io=30mA	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		-	-	8	V
Quiescent Current	I _Q	Io=0mA	-	400	600	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	I _{Q(OFF)}	V _{CONT} =0V	-	-	100	nA
Output Current	Io	Vo-0.3V	1000	1300	-	mA
Line Regulation	ΔVo/ΔV _{IN}	V _{IN} =Vo+1V~Vo+6V(Vo≤2V), V _{IN} =Vo+1V~8V(Vo>2V), Io=30mA	-	-	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	ΔVo/ΔIo	Io=0 ~ 1A	-	-	0.004	%/mA
Dropout Voltage(*2)	ΔV _{I-O}	Io=600mA	-	0.20	0.28	V
Ripple Rejection	RR	e _{in} =200mVrms, f=1kHz, Io=10mA Vo=3.0V Version	-	75	-	dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔVo/ΔTa	Ta=0~85°C, Io=10mA	-	±50	-	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage	V _{NO}	f=10Hz~80kHz, Io=10mA, Vo=3.0V Version(*3)	-	45	-	μVrms
Control Current	I _{CONT}	V _{CONT} =1.6V, Io=0mA	-	3	12	μA
Control Voltage for ON-state	V _{CONT(ON)}		1.6	-	-	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V _{CONT(OFF)}		-	-	0.6	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		-	-	8	V

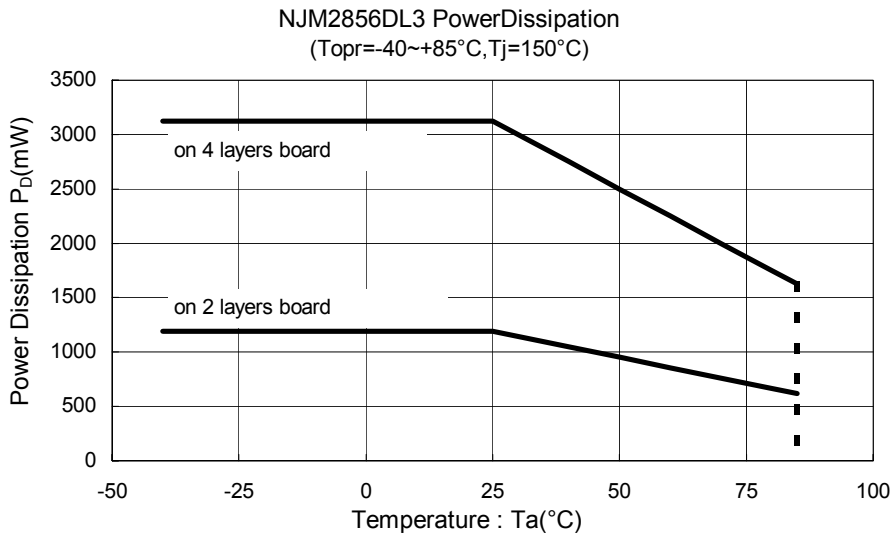
(*2): The output voltage excludes under 2.1V.

(*3): Vo>2.0V : V_{IN}=Vo+1V, Vo≤2.0V : V_{IN}=3.0V

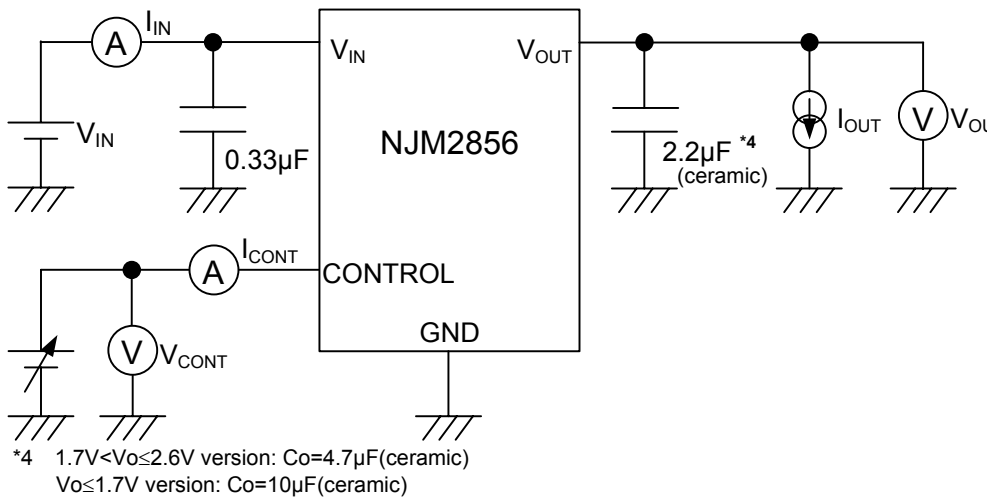
The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

■ POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

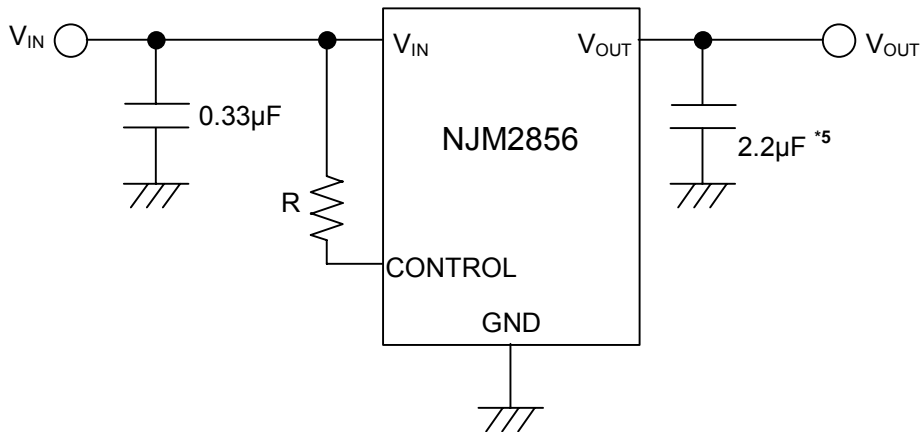


■ TEST CIRCUIT



■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

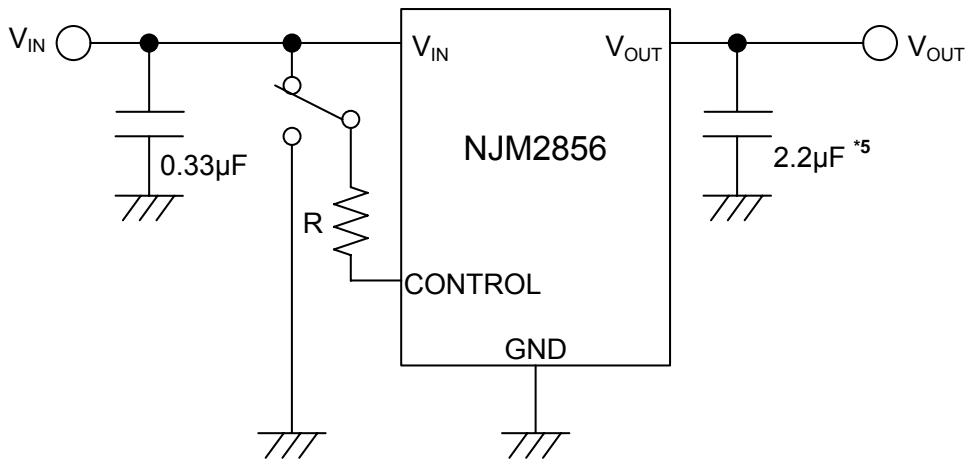
① In the case where ON/OFF Control is not required:



*5 1.7V $V_o \le 2.6V$ version: $C_o = 4.7\mu F$
 $V_o \le 1.7V$ version: $10\mu F$

Connect control terminal to V_{IN} terminal

② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



*5 1.7V $V_o \le 2.6V$ version: $C_o = 4.7\mu F$
 $V_o \le 1.7V$ version: $10\mu F$

State of control terminal:

- "H" → output is enabled.
- "L" or "open" → output is disabled.

*In the case of using a resistance "R" between V_{IN} and control.

The current flow into the control terminal while the IC is ON state (I_{CONT}) can be reduced when a pull up resistance "R" is inserted between V_{IN} and the control terminal.

The minimum control voltage for ON state ($V_{CONT(ON)}$) is increased due to the voltage drop caused by I_{CONT} and the resistance "R".

***Input Capacitance C_{IN}**

Input Capacitance C_{IN} is required to prevent oscillation and reduce power supply ripple for applications with high power supply impedance or a long power supply line.

Use the C_{IN} value of $0.33\mu\text{F}$ greater to avoid the problem.

C_{IN} should connect between GND and V_{IN} as short as possible.

***Output Capacitance C_o**

Output capacitor (C_o) is required for a phase compensation of the internal error amplifier. The capacitance and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) influence stability of the regulator.

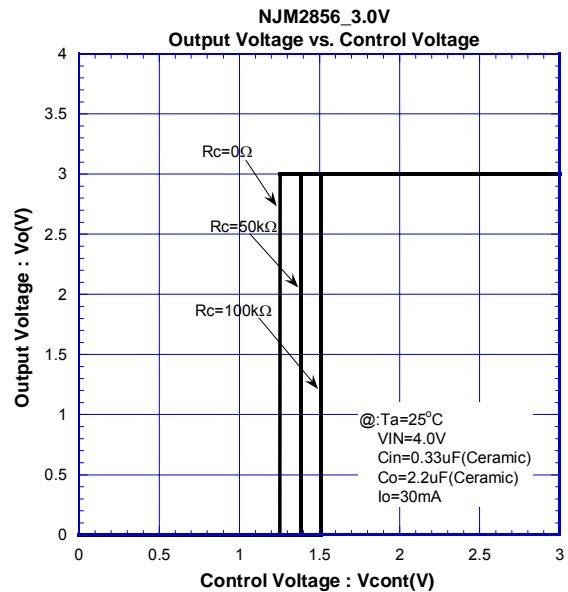
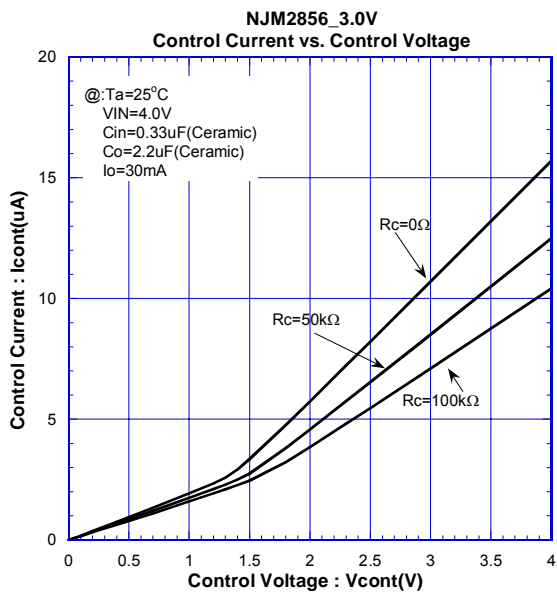
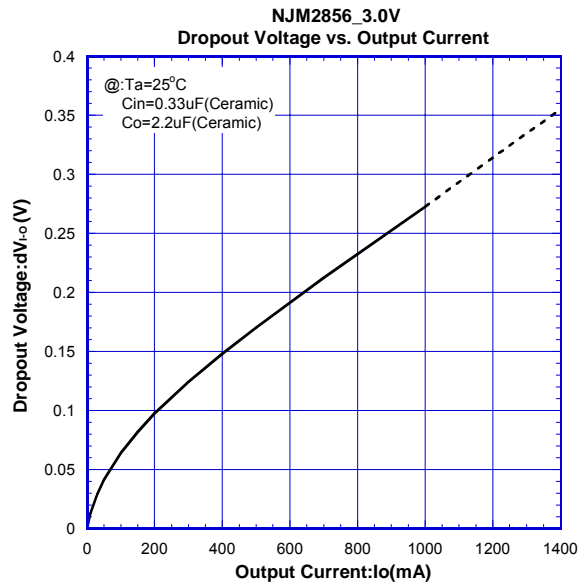
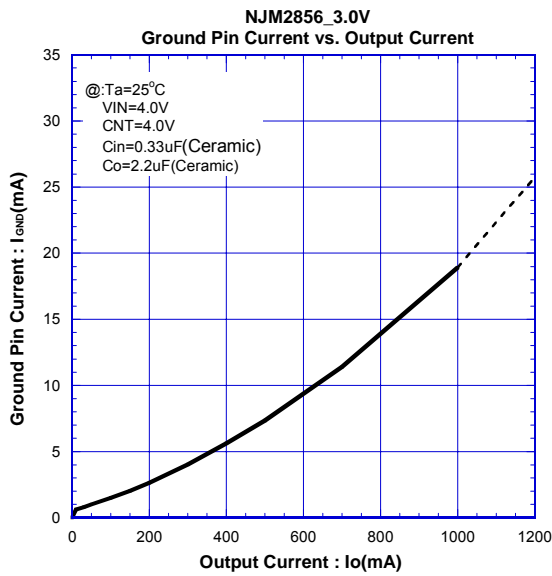
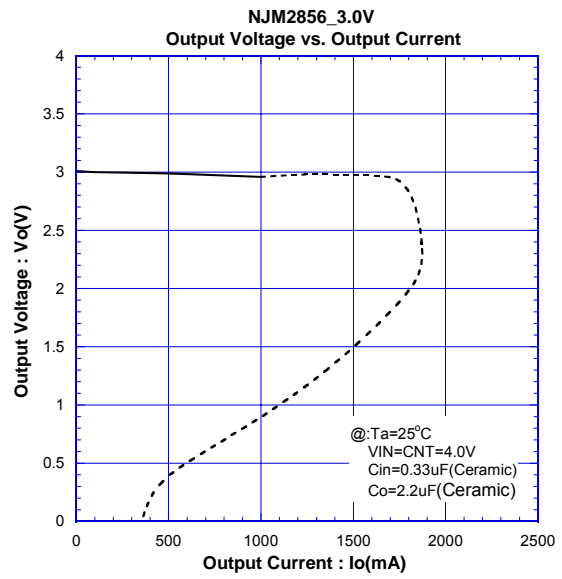
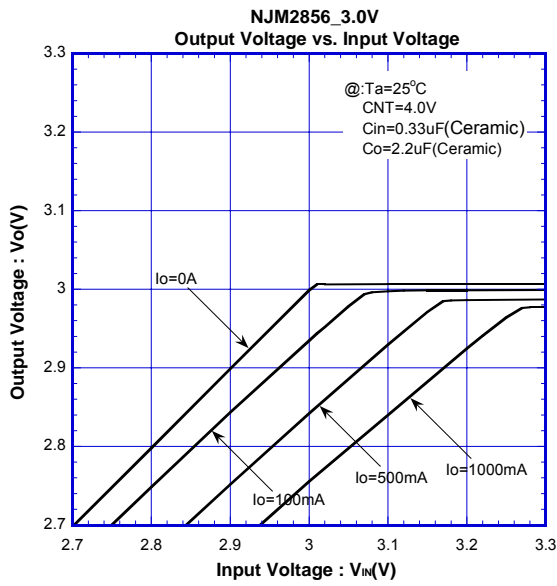
If use a smaller C_o , it may cause excess output noise or oscillation of the regulator due to lack of the phase compensation. Therefore, use C_o with the recommended capacitance or greater value and connect between V_o terminal and GND terminal with minimal wiring.

The recommended capacitance depends on the output voltage. Low voltage regulator requires greater value of the C_o . Thus, check the recommended capacitance for each output voltage.

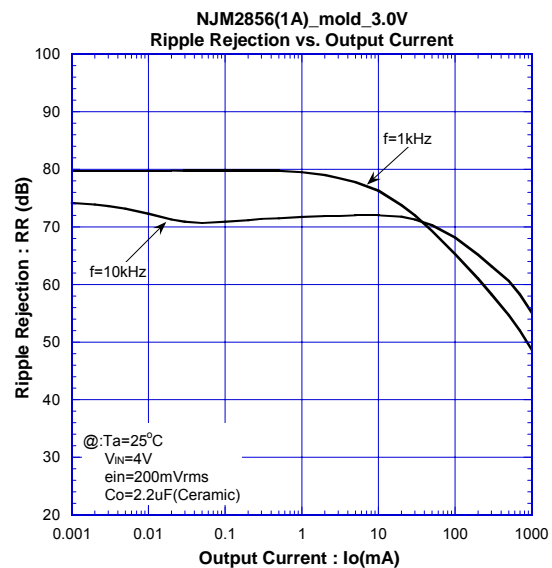
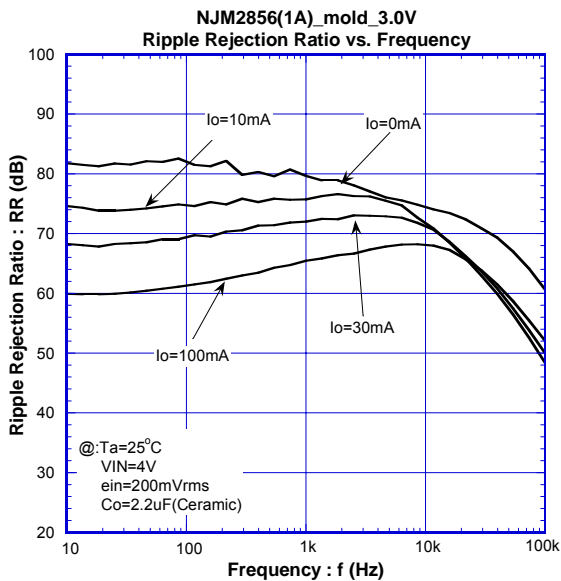
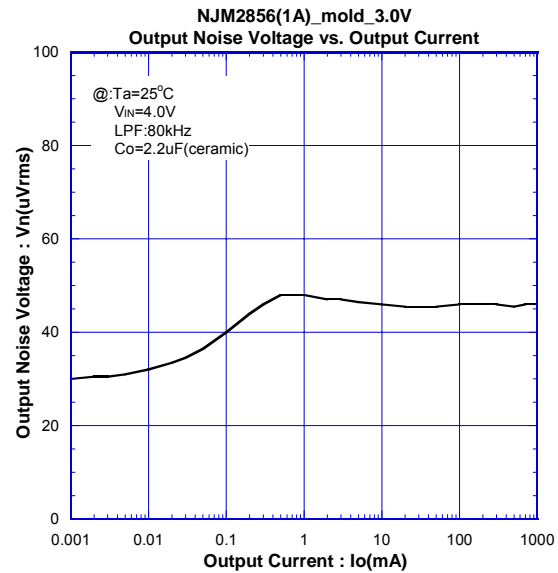
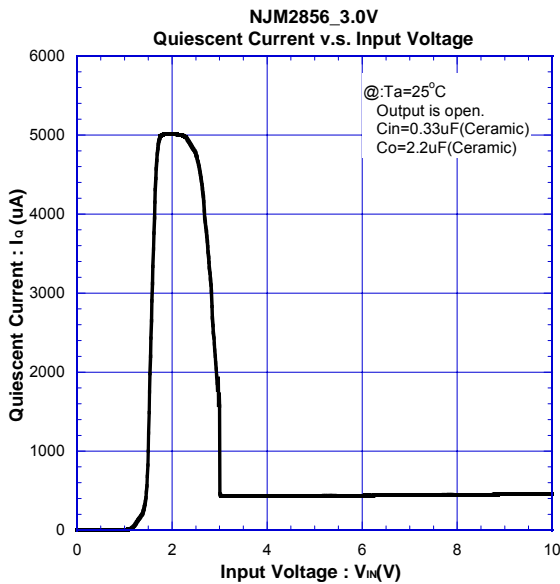
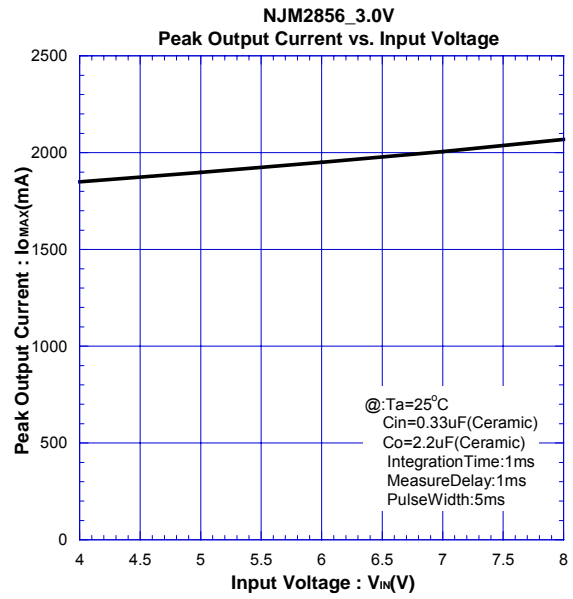
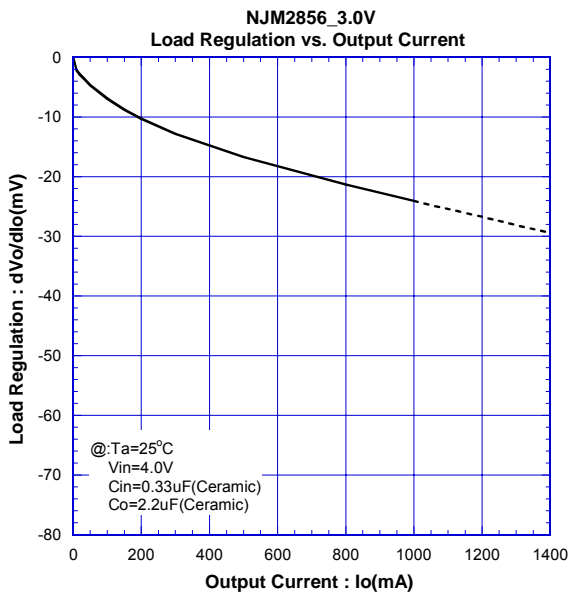
Use of a greater C_o reduces output noise and ripple output, and also improves transient response of the output voltage against rapid load change.

This product is designed to work with any capacitor including a low ESR capacitor for the C_o ; however, refer "Equivalent Series Resistance vs. Output Current" and choose suitable capacitor.

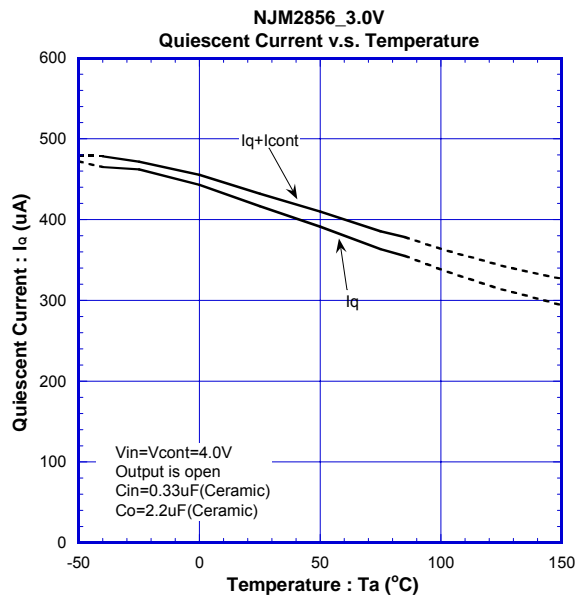
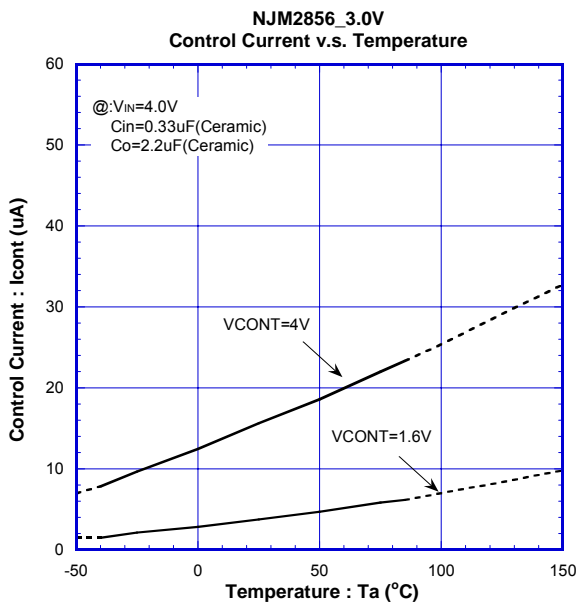
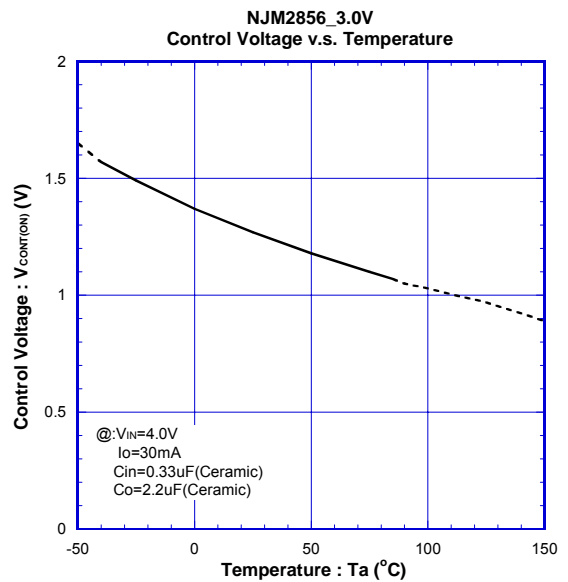
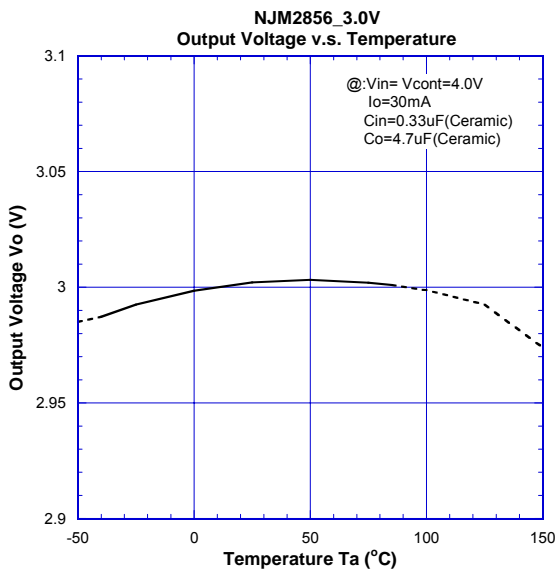
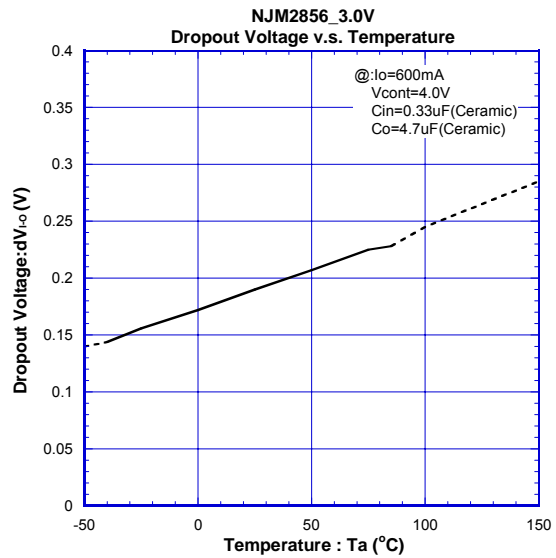
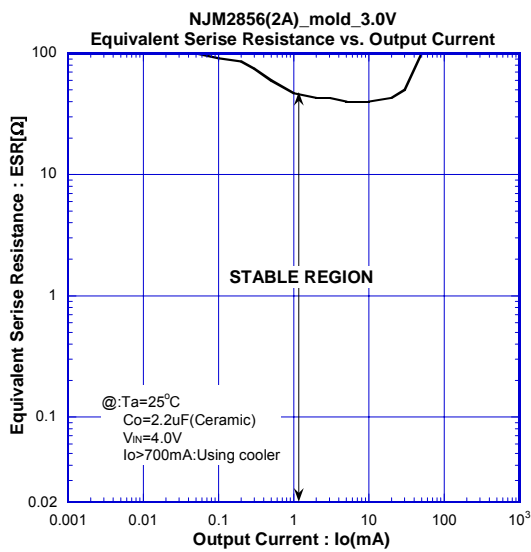
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



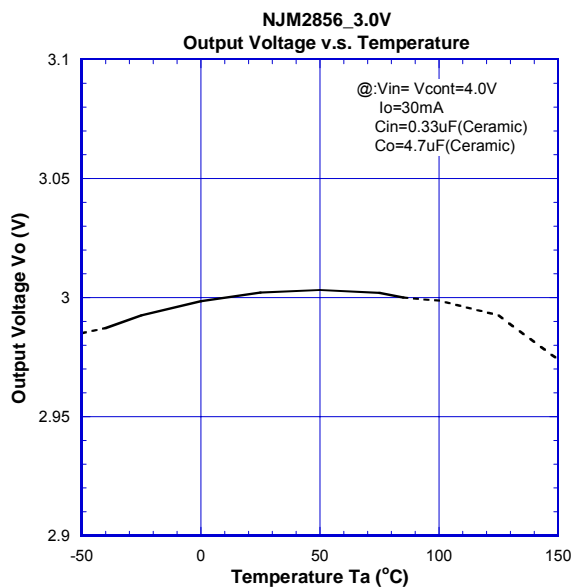
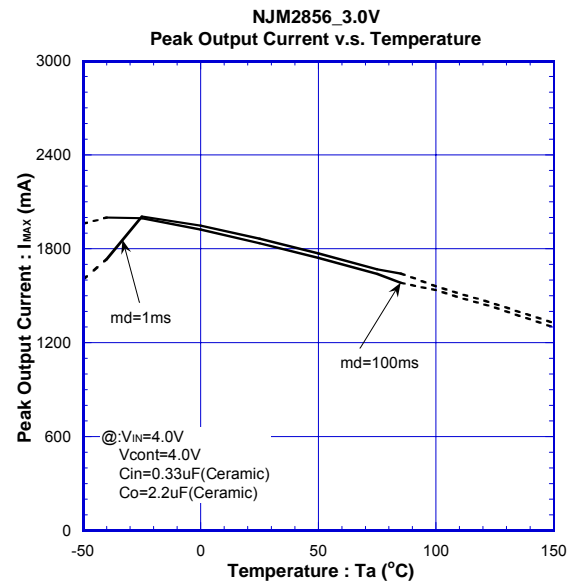
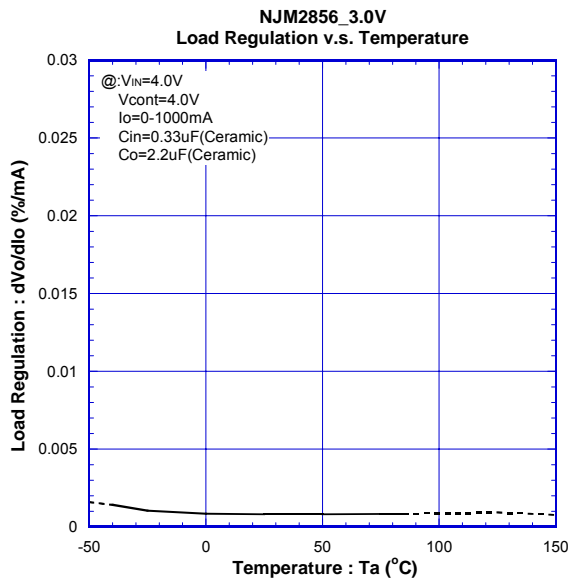
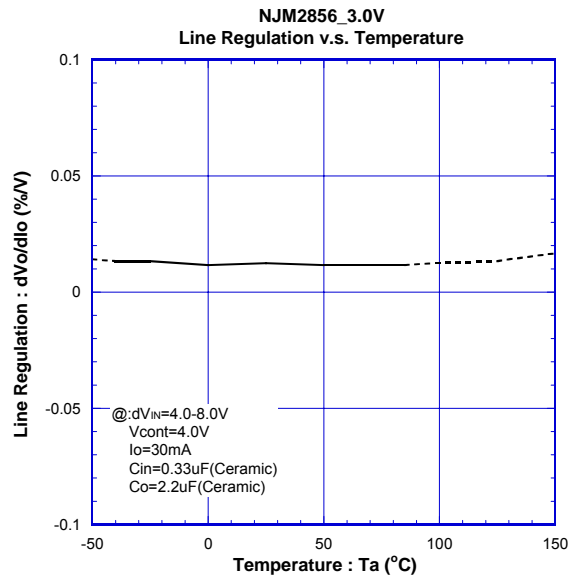
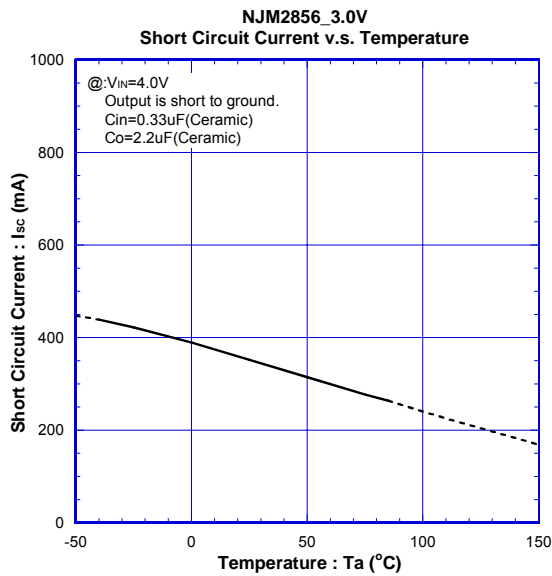
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



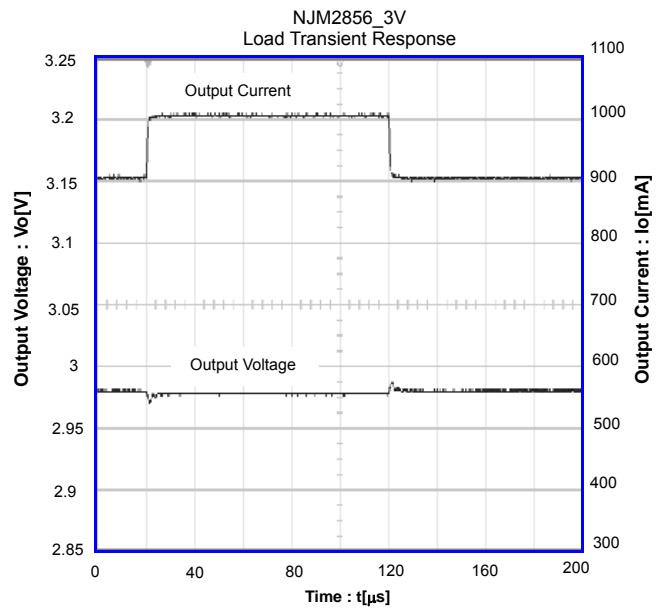
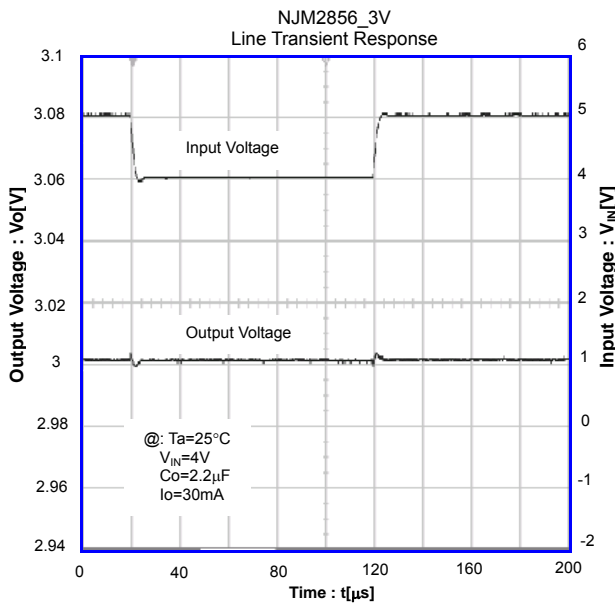
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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