

T-1³/₄ (5mm) Ultra Bright AS AlInGaP Yellow LED Lamps

LTL2F3KYK 8degree

LTL2H3KYK 15degree

LTL2P3KYK 22degree

LTL2R3KYK 30degree

Features

- High luminous intensity output.
- Low power consumption.
- High efficiency.
- Versatile mounting on P.C. board or panel.
- I.C. compatible/low current requirements.
- Popular T-1 3/4 diameter.

Description

The source color devices are made with Aluminum Indium Gallium Phosphide on Gallium Arsenide light emitting diode.

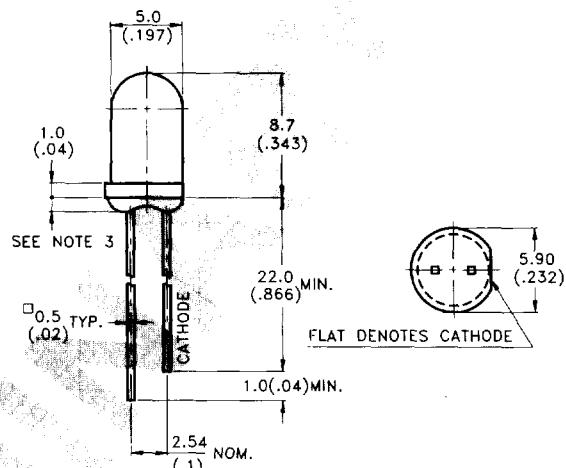
The devices are made with water clear epoxy package, and with 8, 15, 22 and 30 degrees of viewing angle.

Application

Available for indoor application.

- Message sign.
- Traffic sign.
- Automotive.

Package Dimensions



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.

Devices

Part No. LTL	Lens		Source Color
	Color	Diffusion	
2F3KYK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	AlInGaP Yellow
2H3KYK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	AlInGaP Yellow
2P3KYK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	AlInGaP Yellow
2R3KYK	Water Clear	Non-diffused	AlInGaP Yellow

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25 °C

Parameter	Yellow	Unit
Power Dissipation	75	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	160	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Reverse Voltage	4	V
Operating Temperature Range	-40 °C to + 100 °C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 °C to + 100 °C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(0.063")From Body]	260 °C for 5 Seconds	

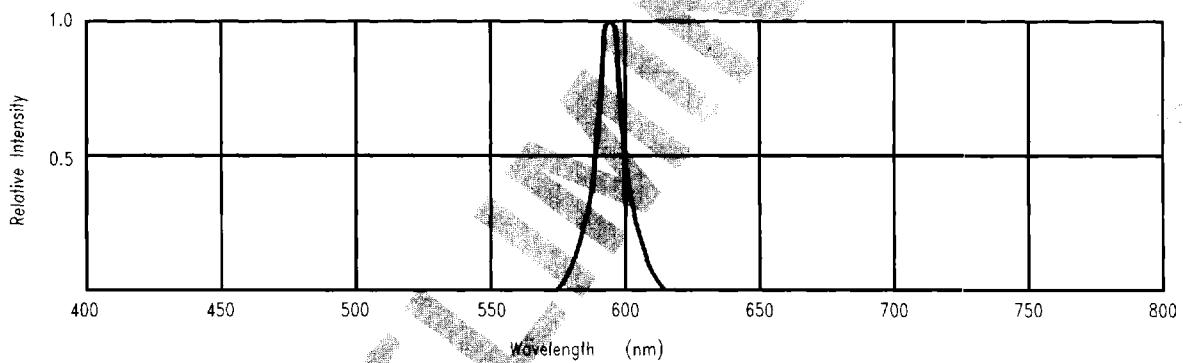


Fig.1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

ULTRA BRIGHT LAMPS
CLUSTER & CHMSL

Electrical/Optical Characteristics and Curves at Ta=25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Part No. LTL	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	2F3KYK	1000	3000		mcd	If=20mA Note 1 Note 2
		2F3KYK-ST	1000		3600		
		2F3KYK-TU	1800		6400		
		2H3KYK	560	1700			
		2H3KYK-RS	560		2000		
		2H3KYK-ST	1000		3600		
		2P3KYK	320	1200			
		2P3KYK-QR	320		1120		
		2P3KYK-RS	560		2000		
		2R3KYK	180	700			
Viewing Angle	2 θ 1/2	2R3KYK-PQ	180		640	deg	Note 3 (Fig.6)
		2R3KYK-QR	320		1120		
		2F3KYK			8		
		2H3KYK			15		
Peak Emission Wavelength	λP	2P3KYK			22	nm	Measurement @ peak (Fig.1)
		2R3KYK			30		
Dominant Wavelength	λd				595	nm	Note 6
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ				15	nm	
Forward Voltage	VF			2.1	2.4	V	If = 20mA
Reverse Current	IR				100	μA	VR = 4V
Capacitance	C			40		PF	VF=0, f=1MHZ

Notes:

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
2. Luminous intensity ranks classified products support two ranks.
3. $\theta^{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
4. Iv classification code is marked on each packing bag.
5. The Iv guarantee should be added $\pm 15\%$.
6. The dominant wavelength, λd is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

Typical Electrical/Optical Characteristic Curves (25 °C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

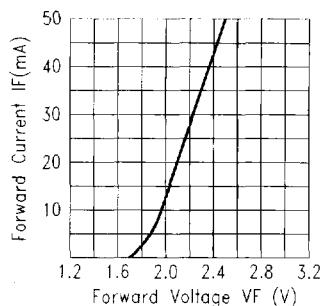


Fig.2 FORWARD CURRENT VS.
FORWARD VOLTAGE

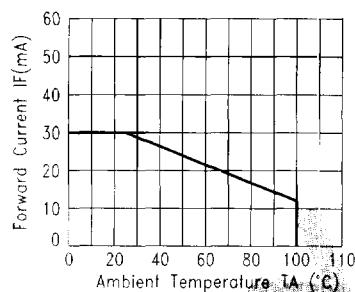


Fig.3 FORWARD CURRENT
DERATING CURVE

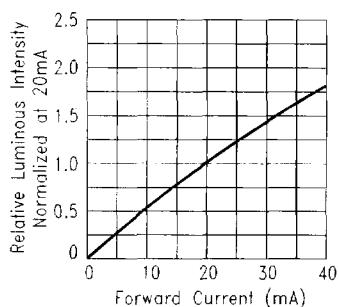


Fig.4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT

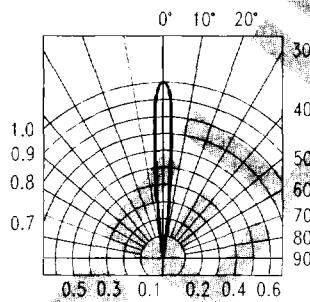


Fig.5-1 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

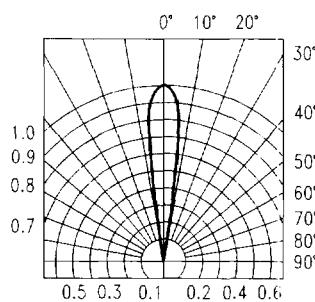


Fig.5-2 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

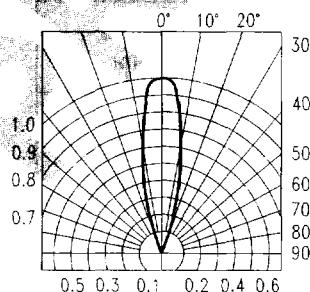


Fig.5-3 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

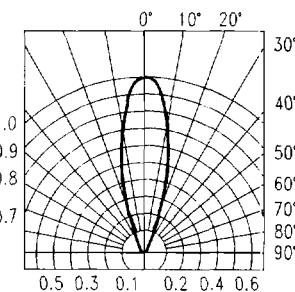


Fig.5-4 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION