

NST3904DXV6T1, NST3904DXV6T5

Dual General Purpose Transistor

The NST3904DXV6T1 device is a spin-off of our popular SOT-23/SOT-323 three-leaded device. It is designed for general purpose amplifier applications and is housed in the SOT-563 six-leaded surface mount package. By putting two discrete devices in one package, this device is ideal for low-power surface mount applications where board space is at a premium.

- h_{FE} , 100-300
- Low $V_{CE(sat)}$, ≤ 0.4 V
- Simplifies Circuit Design
- Reduces Board Space
- Reduces Component Count
- Lead-Free Solder Plating

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector - Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	40	Vdc
Collector - Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	60	Vdc
Emitter - Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	6.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I_C	200	mAdc
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	HBM>16000, MM>2000	V

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

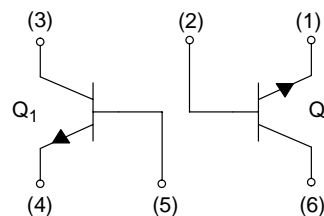
Characteristic (One Junction Heated)	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	357 (Note 1) 2.9 (Note 1)	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	350 (Note 1)	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Characteristic (Both Junctions Heated)	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	500 (Note 1) 4.0 (Note 1)	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	250 (Note 1)	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

1. FR-4 @ Minimum Pad

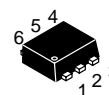


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NST3946DXV6T1



SOT-563
CASE 463A
PLASTIC

MARKING DIAGRAM



MA = Specific Device Code
D = Date Code

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
NST3904DXV6T1	SOT-563	4 mm pitch 4000/Tape & Reel
NST3904DXV6T5	SOT-563	2 mm pitch 8000/Tape & Reel

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				
Collector - Emitter Breakdown Voltage (Note 2) ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 0$)	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	40	-	Vdc
Collector - Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 10\ \mu\text{Adc}$, $I_E = 0$)	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	60	-	Vdc
Emitter - Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 10\ \mu\text{Adc}$, $I_C = 0$)	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	6.0	-	Vdc
Base Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{BL}	-	50	nAdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{CEX}	-	50	nAdc

ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)

DC Current Gain ($I_C = 0.1\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$) ($I_C = 100\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0\text{ Vdc}$)	h_{FE}	40 70 100 60 30	- - 300 - -	-
Collector - Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$) ($I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 5.0\text{ mAdc}$)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	- -	0.2 0.3	Vdc
Base - Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$) ($I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 5.0\text{ mAdc}$)	$V_{BE(sat)}$	0.65 -	0.85 0.95	Vdc

SMALL- SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

Current - Gain - Bandwidth Product ($I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ Vdc}$, $f = 100\text{ MHz}$)	f_T	300	-	MHz
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	C_{obo}	-	4.0	pF
Input Capacitance ($V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	C_{ibo}	-	8.0	pF

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$.

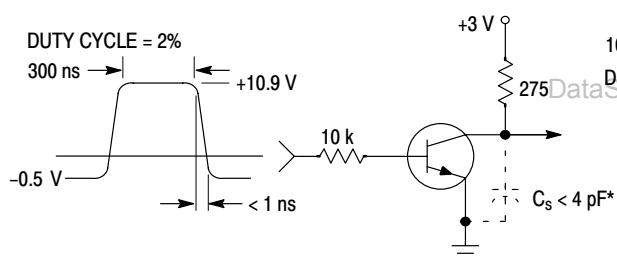
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) (Continued)

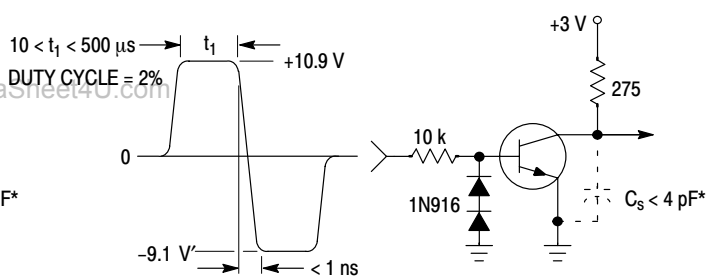
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Impedance ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	h_{ie}	1.0 2.0	10 12	k Ω
Voltage Feedback Ratio ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	h_{re}	0.5 0.1	8.0 10	$\times 10^{-4}$
Small-Signal Current Gain ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	h_{fe}	100 100	400 400	-
Output Admittance ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	h_{oe}	1.0 3.0	40 60	μmhos
Noise Figure ($V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 100\ \mu\text{Adc}$, $R_S = 1.0\text{ k}\Omega$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	NF	- -	5.0 4.0	dB

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Delay Time	($V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{BE} = -0.5\text{ Vdc}$)	t_d	-	35	ns
Rise Time	($I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$, $I_{B1} = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$)	t_r	-	35	
Storage Time	($V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$)	t_s	-	200	ns
Fall Time	($I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$)	t_f	-	50	



**Figure 1. Delay and Rise Time
Equivalent Test Circuit**



**Figure 2. Storage and Fall Time
Equivalent Test Circuit**

* Total shunt capacitance of test jig and connectors

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TYPICAL TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS

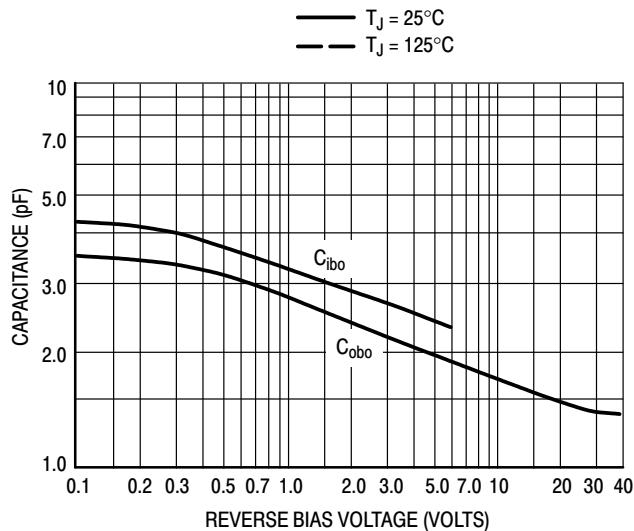


Figure 3. Capacitance

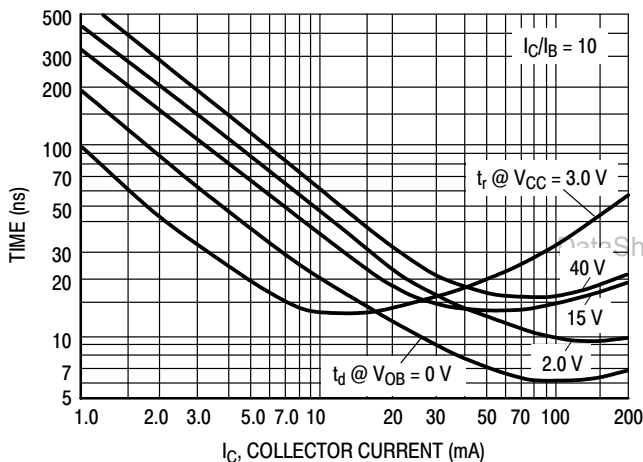


Figure 4. Turn-On Time

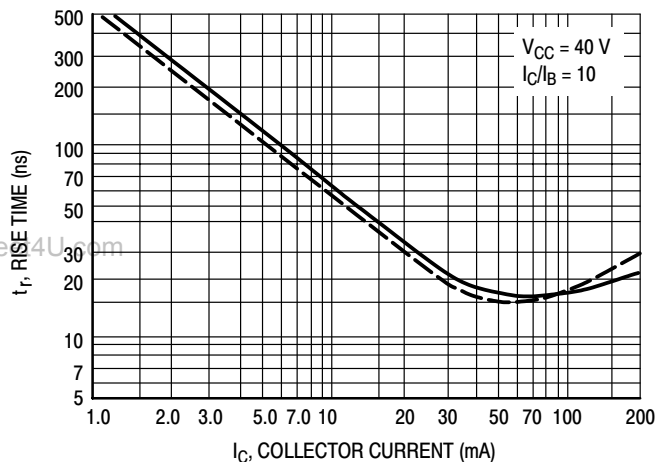


Figure 5. Rise Time

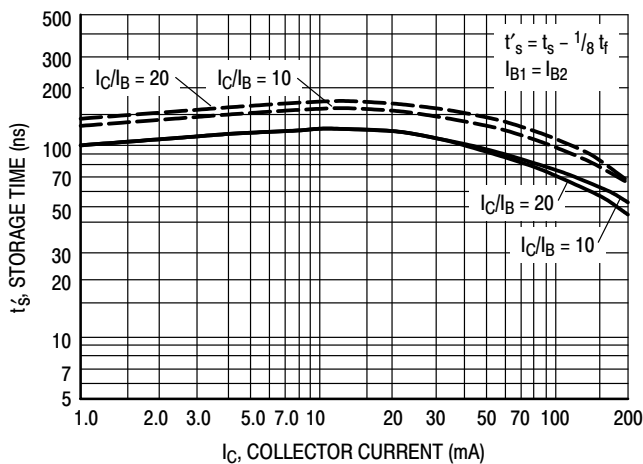


Figure 6. Storage Time

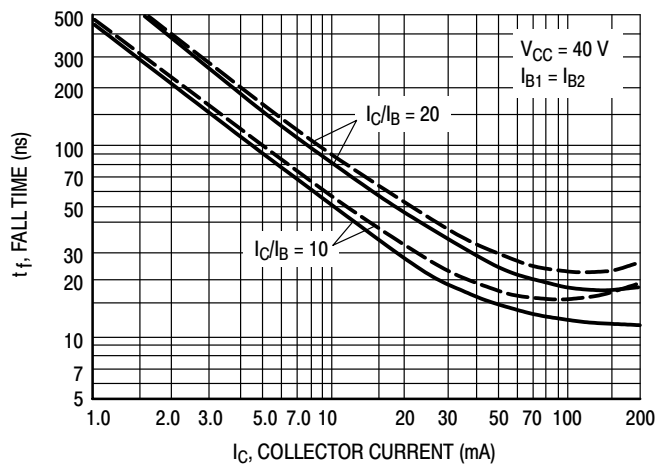


Figure 7. Fall Time

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TYPICAL AUDIO SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS NOISE FIGURE VARIATIONS

($V_{CE} = 5.0$ Vdc, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Bandwidth = 1.0 Hz)

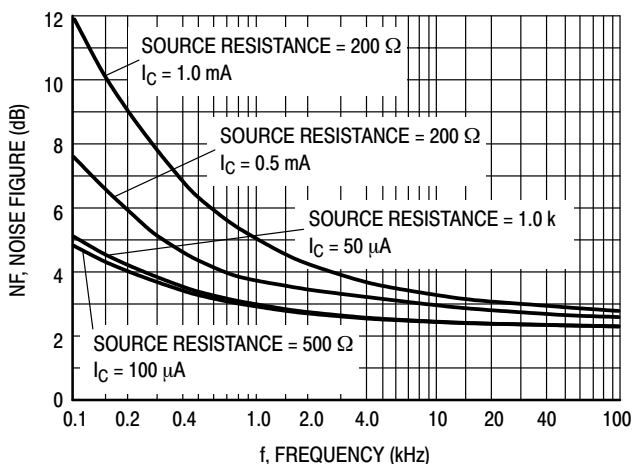


Figure 8. Noise Figure

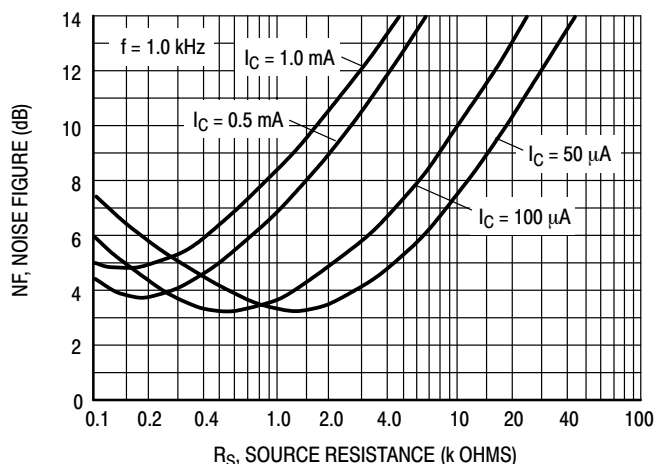


Figure 9. Noise Figure

h PARAMETERS

($V_{CE} = 10$ Vdc, $f = 1.0$ kHz, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

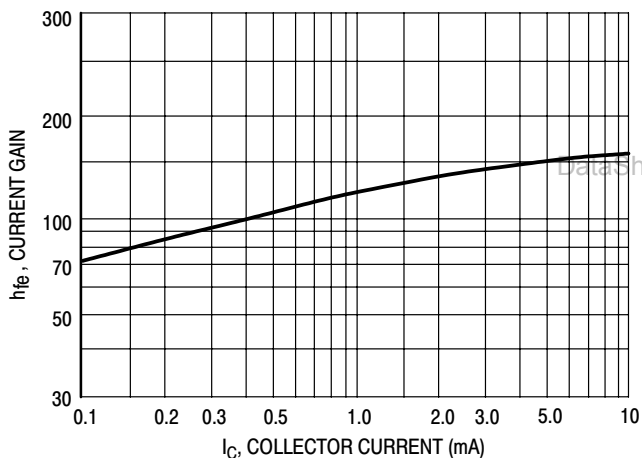


Figure 10. Current Gain

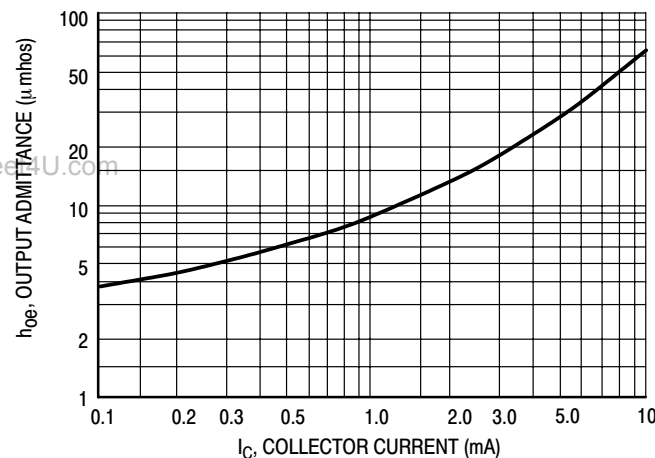


Figure 11. Output Admittance

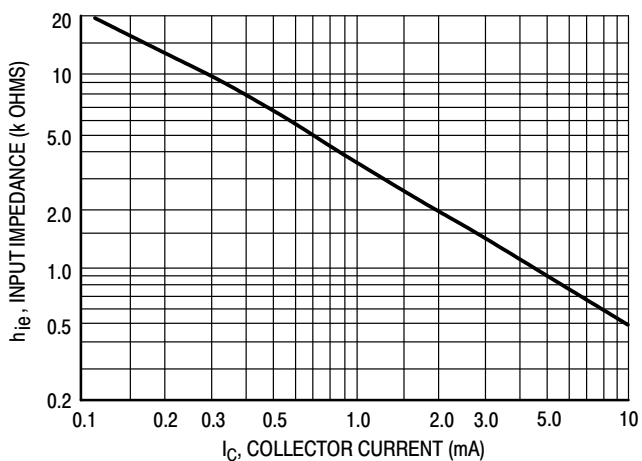


Figure 12. Input Impedance

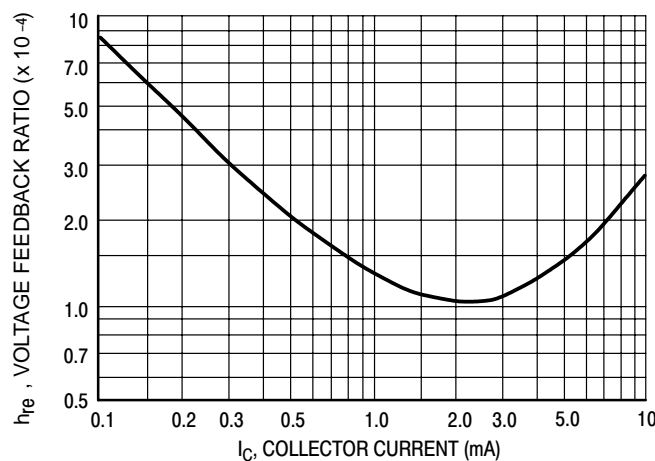


Figure 13. Voltage Feedback Ratio

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TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

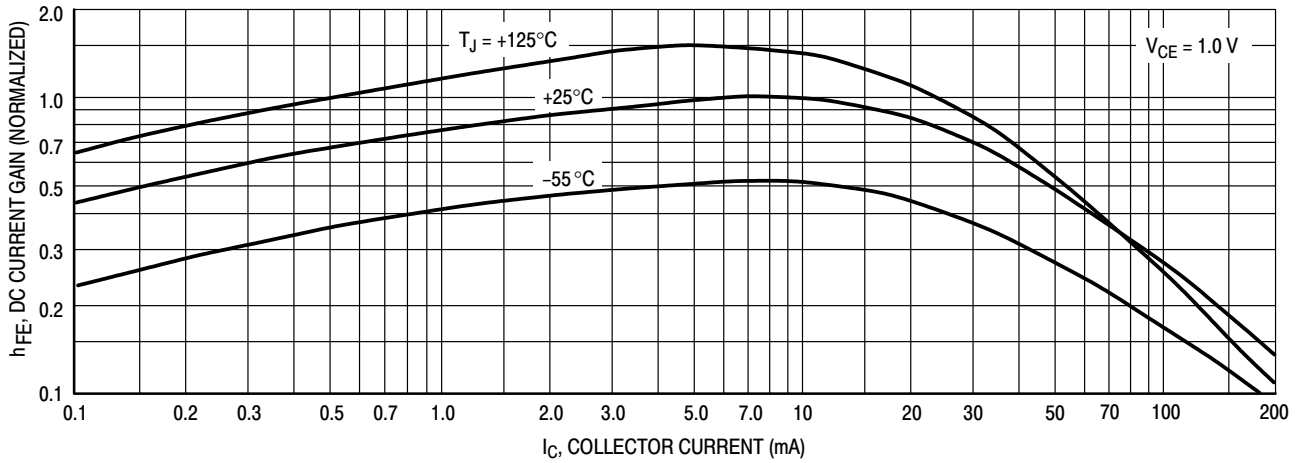


Figure 14. DC Current Gain

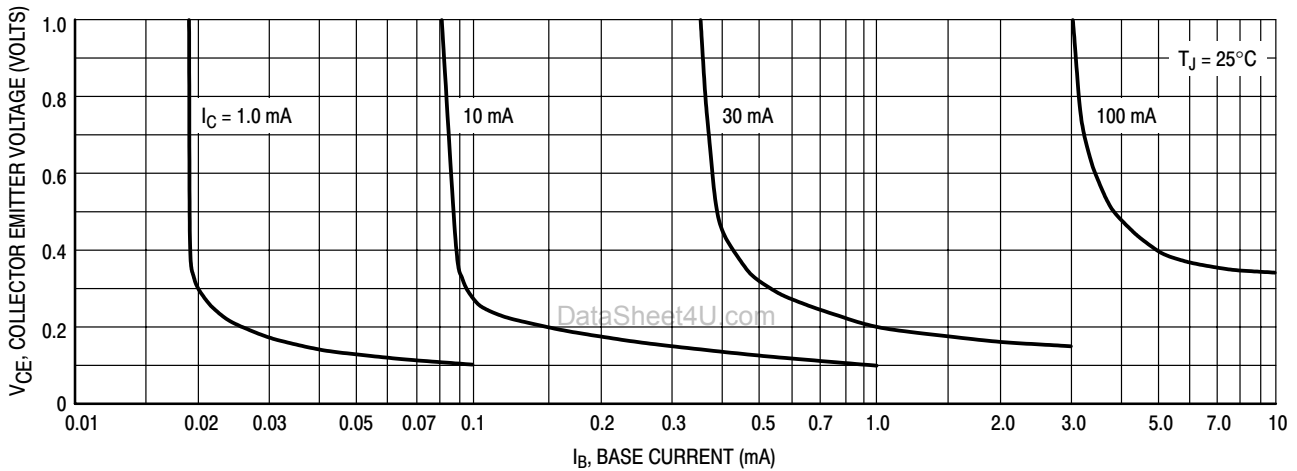


Figure 15. Collector Saturation Region

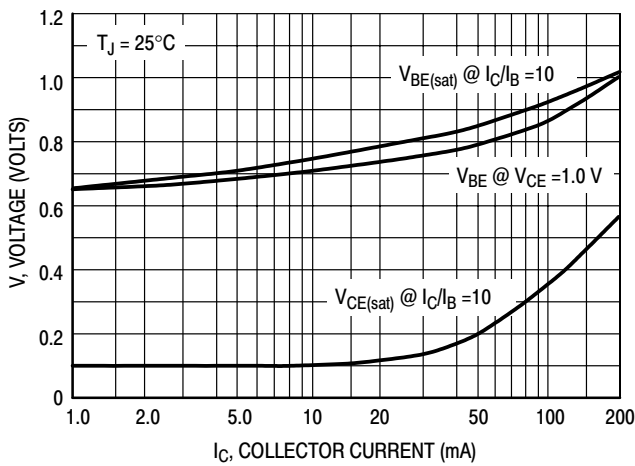


Figure 16. "ON" Voltages

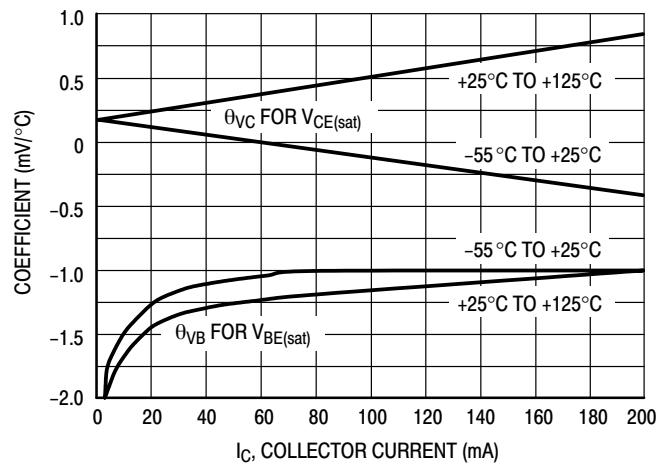


Figure 17. Temperature Coefficients

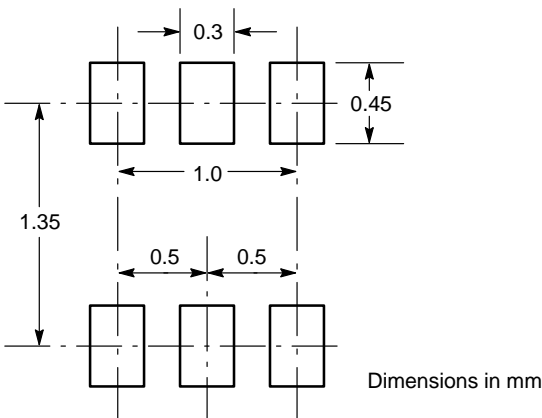
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INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-563 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOT-563

SOT-563 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOT-563 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOT-563 package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 150 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}}{833^\circ\text{C/W}} = 150 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 833°C/W for the SOT-563 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 150 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOT-563 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad[®]. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

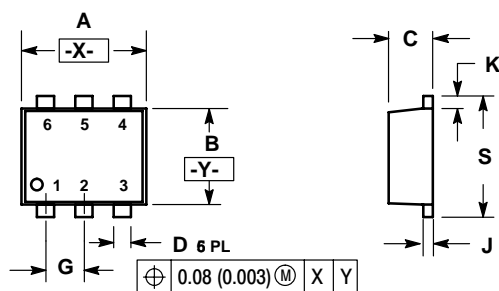
- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-563, 6 LEAD
CASE 463A-01
ISSUE O



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.50	1.70	0.059	0.067
B	1.10	1.30	0.043	0.051
C	0.50	0.60	0.020	0.024
D	0.17	0.27	0.007	0.011
G	0.50 BSC		0.020 BSC	
J	0.08	0.18	0.003	0.007
K	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
S	1.50	1.70	0.059	0.067

STYLE 1:

- PIN 1. EMITTER 1
2. BASE 1
3. COLLECTOR 2
4. EMITTER 2
5. BASE 2
6. COLLECTOR 1

STYLE 2:

- PIN 1. EMITTER 1
2. EMITTER 2
3. BASE 2
4. COLLECTOR 2
5. BASE 1
6. COLLECTOR 1

STYLE 3:

- PIN 1. CATHODE 1
2. CATHODE 1
3. ANODE/ANODE 2
4. CATHODE 2
5. CATHODE 2
6. ANODE/ANODE 1


STYLE 4:

- PIN 1. COLLECTOR
2. COLLECTOR
3. BASE
4. EMITTER
5. COLLECTOR
6. COLLECTOR

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