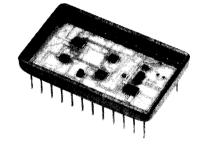
Hybrid Systems

HS 5150 High Speed 8-Bit ADC with μ P Interface

FEATURES

- 2.5µsec Conversion Time
- Three State Outputs
- Full MIL Operation -55°C to +125°C
- 7 User-Selectable Input Ranges
- Adjustment Free —
 No Gain or Offset Adjustments Necessary



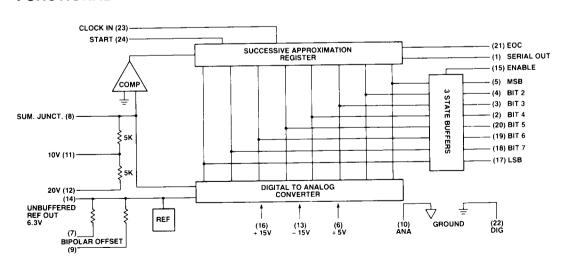
DESCRIPTION

The HS 5150 is a complete, 8-bit, successive approximation analog to digital converter with three-state output buffers for direct interface to microprocessor buses. The ADC converts in 2.5 μ sec (max), and features \pm ½ LSB linearity with no missing codes guaranteed over an operating temperature of - 55 °C to + 125 °C. The HS 5150 incorporates highly stable thin-film resistor networks enabling adjustment free operation. No external gain or offset adjusting potentiometers are required for \pm 1 LSB absolute accuracy. The inputs can be pin programmed for 0

to +5V, 0 to +10V, $\pm 2.5V$, $\pm 5V$, $\pm 10V$, 0 to -5V, and 0 to -10V

Three state output buffers enable interface to a variety of 8-bit microprocessors. In memory mapped applications, the ADC resembles a RAM location with 2.5 μ sec access time. The HS 5150 is available with MIL-STD-883 Rev. C, Levels B or S screening for military/aerospace applications.

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATIONS

(Typical @ +25°C with +15V and +5V unless otherwise specified)

SERIES	HS 5150		
TYPE	Successive Approximation		
RESOLUTION	8-Bits		
ANALOG INPUTS			
Input Voltage Range Input Impedance	7 Input Ranges 2.5/5/10 K.Q		
DIGITAL INPUTS			
Logic "0" (Except Enable)	0.8V max		
Logic "1" (Except Enable)	2.0V min		
Loading (Note 1)	1 TTL Load		
Logic "0" Enable (Outputs "ON")	1.5V max		
Logic "1" Enable (Outputs "OFF")	3.5V min		
Loading	0.1 µ A max		
Clock Pulse Width Start Pulse Width	46 nsec min		
DIGITAL OUTPUTS	50 nsec min		
Parallel Outputs			
Output Current "0" and "1"	1.6 mA min		
Logic "1"	2.4V min		
Logic "0"	0.4V max		

5 TTL Loads

85 nsec typ

120 nsec max

2.5 µ sec max

REFERENCE, INTERNAL

Serial and EOC Output Fanout1

Delay from Enable Pulse to Data Valid

Voltage	6.3V ±5%
Drift	25 ppm/°C
Output Current	200 μ A ma

CONVERSION TIME²

ACCURACY	
Absolute Accuracy ³	± 1/2 LSB typ ± 1 LSB max
Absolute Accuracy (-55°C to +125°C)	±2 LSB max
Zero Error	± 1/4 LSB typ ± 1/2 LSB max
- 55°C to + 125°C	± 1/2 LSB typ ± 1 LSB max
Linearity (– 55°C to + 125°C)	± 1/4 LSB typ ± 1/2 LSB max
No Missing Codes (- 55°C to + 125°C)	Guaranteed

+ 14.5V to + 15.5V @ 20 mA max
- 14.5V to + 15.5V @ - 13 mA max
+ 4.75V to + 5.25V @ 101 mA max
± 0.03% FSR/% Supply
± 0.01% FSR/% Supply
680 mW typ
1000 mW max

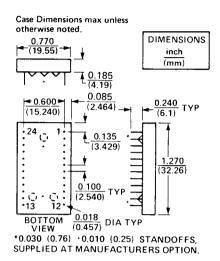
TEMPERATURE

Operating	
C- Model	0°C to 70°C
B- Model	- 55°C to + 125°C
Storage	- 65°C to + 150°C

NOTES:

- 1. A TTL Load is defined as 40 μ A at Logic "1" and 1.6 mA at Logic "0" 2. Conversion time of 2.5 µ sec corresponds to an external clock frequency of 3.6 MHz
- 3. Absolute Accuracy includes all errors gain, zero and linearity

PACKAGE OUTLINE



PIN ASSIGNMENTS

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	SERIAL OUT	13	– 15V
2	BIT 4	14	V _{REF} OUT (6.3V)
3	BIT 3	15	DATA ENABLE
4	BiT 2	16	+ 15V
5	BIT 1 (MSB)	17	BIT 8 (LSB)
6	+ 5V	18	BIT 7
7	BIPOLAR OFFSET	19	BIT 6
8	SUMMING JUNCTION	20	BIT 5
9	BIPOLAR OFFSET	21	EOC
10	ANALOG GND	22	DIGITAL GND
11	10V INPUT	23	CLOCK
12	20V INPUT	24	START

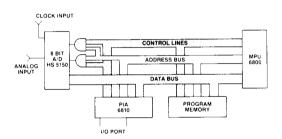
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

+ 15V Suppy 0.5V to + 18V
- 15V Supply + 0.5V to - 18V
5V Supply
Analog Input
Digital Inputs

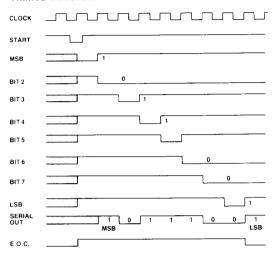
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The three state outputs of the HS 5150 make interfacing to data busses of minicomputers very easy. A typical application would consist of using the HS 5150 in the basic 6800 microprocessor system as shown in the block diagram below.

In this application, the HS 5150 is treated as a memory location and is addressed by using the extended addressing mode. Just two instructions are needed to acquire the desired information. First, the HS 5150 receives a start command by the use of a STORE instruction, and then a LOAD or arithmetic instruction is used to obtain the digital information by addressing the HS 5150 as a memory location. Since the HS 5150 converts in 2.5 μ sec, there is no delay waiting for the information to be valid. Several HS 5150s may be incorporated in one system by changing the address of the enable signal. The HS 5150 may be used in a similar manner with other microprocessors.



TIMING DIAGRAM



NOTES:

- 1. Shaded area represents indeterminate logic level.
- 2. Code shown represents an analog input of +7.226 volts for the 0 to +10 volts range.
- The converter will reset on the first rising edge of the clock after the start command has gone low. Conversion will begin on the first rising edge of the clock after the start has returned high.
- 4 The start has to be low for a minimum of 50 nSec prior to the edge of the clock.
- The EOC will go low approximately 45 nSec prior to Bit 8 (LSB) being valid.
- 6. For continuous conversion connect the EOC to the start command.

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

DIGITAL OUTPUT			ANA	LOG INPUT RA	ANGE		
MSB LSB	0 to +5	0 to + 10	± 2.5	± 5	± 10	0 to -5	0 to - 10
0000 0000	0	0	- 2.500	- 5.000	- 10.000	-4.981	- 9.961
0000 0001	+0.019	+ 0.039	- 2.481	-4.961	- 9.922	- 4.961	- 9.922
0111 1111	+ 2.481	+ 4.961	- 0.019	-0.039	- 0.078	-2.500	- 5.000
1000 0000	+ 2.500	+5.000	0	0	0	- 2.481	-4.961
1111 1110	+ 4.961	+ 9.922	+ 2.461	- 4.922	9.844	-0.019	- 0.039
1111 1111	+ 4.981	+ 9.961	+2.481	+ 4.961	+ 9.922	0	0_
Input Impedance	2.5K	5K	2.5K	5K	10K	2.5K	5K
Connect Input to Pin	11	11	11	11	12	11	11
Connect Pin 8 to Pin	12	Open	12 & 9	9	9	12,7 & 9	9.7
Connect Pin 10 to Pin	7 & 9	7 & 9	7	7	7	NC	NC

^{*}Voltages given are theoretical values for the transitions indicated. Ideally, the digital output will change as the input voltage passes through the voltage level indicated.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION (continued)

OPERATION

Data Enable — The data enable line controls the state of the parallel outputs. For a high impedance output (outputs in the off state) the Data Enable line must be at a logic "1" level. For the data to be available on the outputs, the Data Enable line must be at a logic "0" level. Data will be available 120 nsec (max) after the Data Enable goes low.

Grounds — To obtain optimum performance analog and digital grounds are not connected internally and must be tied together as close to the unit as possible. If these grounds must run separately, a non-polarized 0.01 μ F capacitor should be connected between Pins 10 and 22. The power supplies should be decoupled with a tantalum or electrolytic type capacitor located as close to the HS 5150 as possible. For optimum performance, a 1 μ F paralleled by a 0.01 μ F ceramic capacitor should be connected between analog ground and the \pm 15 volt supplies and between digital ground and the \pm 5 volt supply.

Analog Input — Since the HS 5150 is a high speed converter, the signal source must have a low output impedance at high frequencies to allow for fast changes in the current sinking and sourcing to the analog input. A suitable amplifier would be the Harris HA2525 operational amplifier or a high speed sample and hold amplifier such as Hybrid Systems' HS 346.

ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	DESCRIPTION
HS 5150C	COMM., 8-BIT, ADC
HS 5150B	MIL., 8-BIT, ADC