

*Preliminary Information*  
**PNP Silicon General Purpose  
High Voltage Transistor**

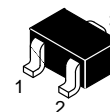
This PNP Silicon Planar Transistor is designed for general purpose amplifier applications. This device is housed in the SC-70/SOT-323 package which is designed for low power surface mount applications.

- Available in 8 mm, 7-inch/3000 Unit Tape and Reel

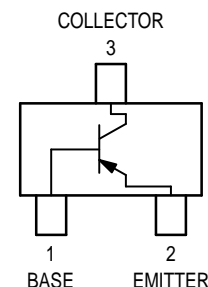
**MSB92WT1**

Motorola Preferred Devices

**PNP GENERAL PURPOSE  
HIGH VOLTAGE  
TRANSISTORS  
SURFACE MOUNT**



**CASE 419-02, STYLE 3  
SC-70/SOT-323**



**MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	-300	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	-300	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	-5.0	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	150	mAdc

**DEVICE MARKING**

MSB92WT1 = H2D

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Rating	Symbol	Max	Unit
Power Dissipation <sup>(1)</sup>	$P_D$	150	mW
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = -1.0 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	-300	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = -100 \mu\text{Adc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	-300	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = -100 \mu\text{Adc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	-5.0	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = -200 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	-0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = -6.0 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	-0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain <sup>(2)</sup> ( $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = -1.0 \text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = -30 \text{ mAdc}$ )	$h_{FE1}$ $h_{FE2}$	25 40	—	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage <sup>(2)</sup> ( $I_C = -200 \text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = -2.0 \text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	-0.5	Vdc

1. Device mounted on a FR-4 glass epoxy printed circuit board using the minimum recommended footprint.

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ , D.C.  $\leq 2\%$ .

**Preferred** devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

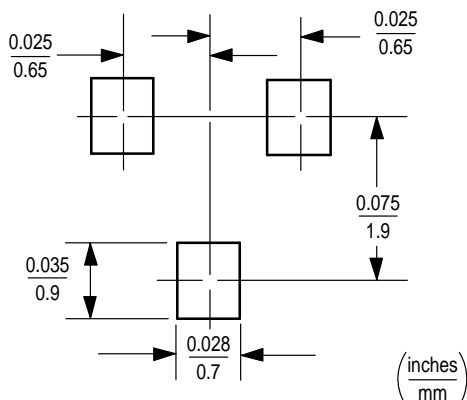
Thermal Clad is a trademark of the Bergquist Company



## MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



## SC-70/SOT-323 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SC-70/SOT-323 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to the pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by  $T_{J(max)}$ , the maximum rated junction temperature of the die,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient; and the operating temperature,  $T_A$ . Using the values provided on the data sheet,  $P_D$  can be calculated as follows.

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into

the equation for an ambient temperature  $T_A$  of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 150 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}}{833^\circ\text{C/W}} = 150 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 833°C/W assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 150 milliwatts. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, a power dissipation of 300 milliwatts can be achieved using the same footprint.

## SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.\*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference should be a maximum of 10°C.

- The soldering temperature and time should not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient should be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling

\* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

### SOLDER STENCIL GUIDELINES

Prior to placing surface mount components onto a printed circuit board, solder paste must be applied to the pads. A solder stencil is required to screen the optimum amount of solder paste onto the footprint. The stencil is made of brass

or stainless steel with a typical thickness of 0.008 inches. The stencil opening size for the surface mounted package should be the same as the pad size on the printed circuit board, i.e., a 1:1 registration.

### TYPICAL SOLDER HEATING PROFILE

For any given circuit board, there will be a group of control settings that will give the desired heat pattern. The operator must set temperatures for several heating zones, and a figure for belt speed. Taken together, these control settings make up a heating "profile" for that particular circuit board. On machines controlled by a computer, the computer remembers these profiles from one operating session to the next. Figure 1 shows a typical heating profile for use when soldering a surface mount device to a printed circuit board. This profile will vary among soldering systems but it is a good starting point. Factors that can affect the profile include the type of soldering system in use, density and types of components on the board, type of solder used, and the type of board or substrate material being used. This profile shows temperature versus time. The line on the graph shows the

actual temperature that might be experienced on the surface of a test board at or near a central solder joint. The two profiles are based on a high density and a low density board. The Vitronics SMD310 convection/infrared reflow soldering system was used to generate this profile. The type of solder used was 62/36/2 Tin Lead Silver with a melting point between 177–189°C. When this type of furnace is used for solder reflow work, the circuit boards and solder joints tend to heat first. The components on the board are then heated by conduction. The circuit board, because it has a large surface area, absorbs the thermal energy more efficiently, then distributes this energy to the components. Because of this effect, the main body of a component may be up to 30 degrees cooler than the adjacent solder joints.

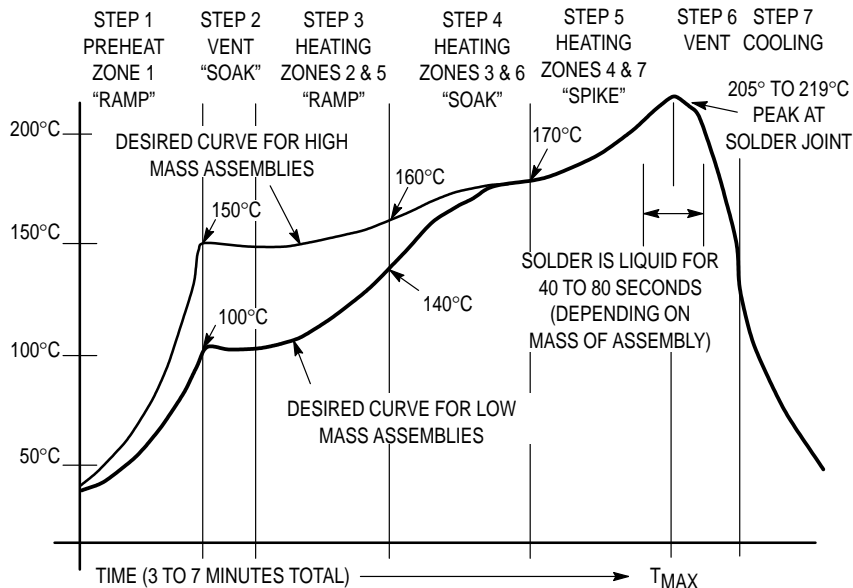
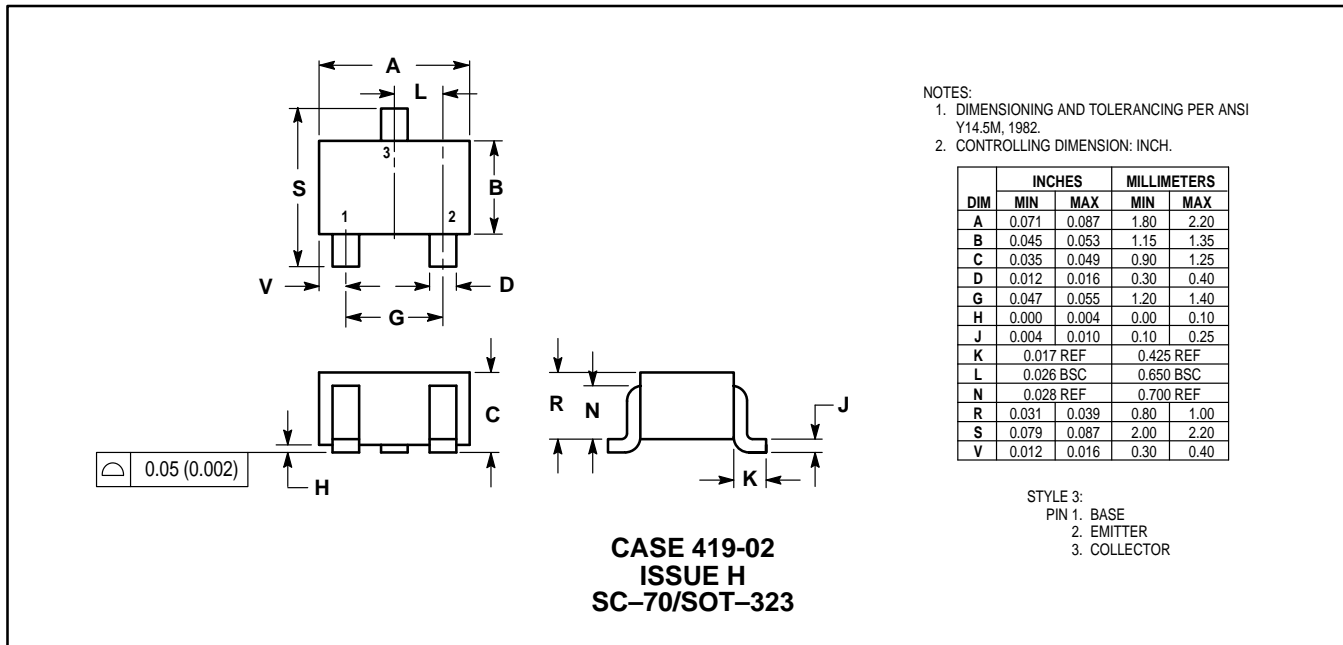


Figure 1. Typical Solder Heating Profile

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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