



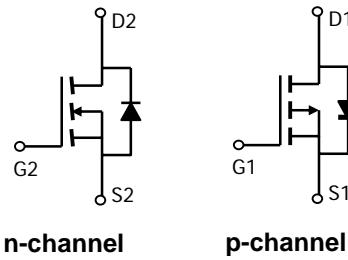
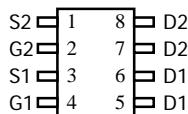
ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR



AO4625

Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description	Features												
<p>The AO4625 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in power inverters, and other applications. Standard Product AO4625 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO4625L is a Green Product ordering option. AO4625 and AO4625L are electrically identical.</p>	<table> <tbody> <tr> <td>n-channel</td> <td>p-channel</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_{DS} (V) = 30V</td> <td>-30V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I_D = 6.9A (V_{GS}=10V)</td> <td>-5.4A (V_{GS} = -10V)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$R_{DS(ON)}$</td> <td>$R_{DS(ON)}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>< 28mΩ (V_{GS}=10V)</td> <td>< 45mΩ (V_{GS} = -10V)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>< 42mΩ (V_{GS}=4.5V)</td> <td>< 75mΩ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	n-channel	p-channel	V_{DS} (V) = 30V	-30V	I_D = 6.9A (V_{GS} =10V)	-5.4A (V_{GS} = -10V)	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$	< 28mΩ (V_{GS} =10V)	< 45mΩ (V_{GS} = -10V)	< 42mΩ (V_{GS} =4.5V)	< 75mΩ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)
n-channel	p-channel												
V_{DS} (V) = 30V	-30V												
I_D = 6.9A (V_{GS} =10V)	-5.4A (V_{GS} = -10V)												
$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$												
< 28mΩ (V_{GS} =10V)	< 45mΩ (V_{GS} = -10V)												
< 42mΩ (V_{GS} =4.5V)	< 75mΩ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)												



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^A	I_D	6.9	-5.4	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		5.8	-4.6	
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	30	-20	
Power Dissipation	P_D	2	2	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1.44	1.44	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		n-ch	74	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	n-ch	35	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	p-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	74	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	p-ch	35	40	°C/W

N-CHANNEL: Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		0.004	1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.86	3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	30			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=6.9\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		22.5	28	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5.0\text{A}$		31.3	38	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=6.9\text{A}$	10	15.4		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$		0.76	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				3	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		680	820	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			102		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			77		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		3	4.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=6.9\text{A}$		13.84	17	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			6.74	8.1	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.82		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			3.2		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=2.2\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.6		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			4.1		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			20.6		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			5.2		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=6.9\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		16.5	20	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=6.9\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7.8		nC

A: The value of R_{JJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{JJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{JUL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using 80 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in ² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 0: Apr. 2006

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE

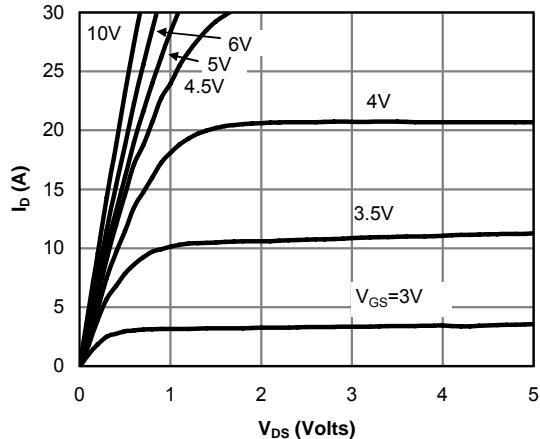
N-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

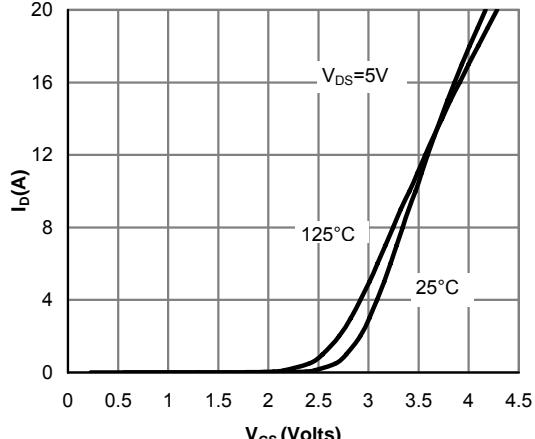


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

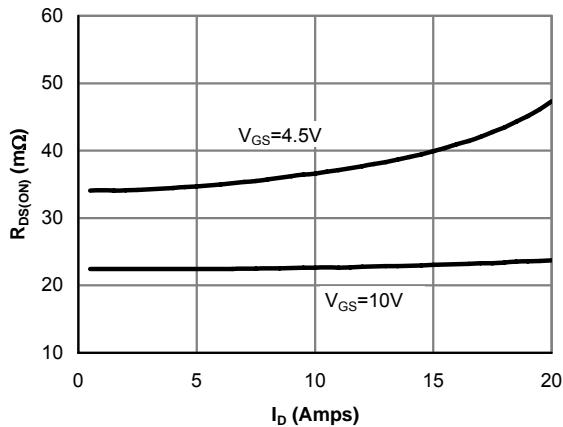


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

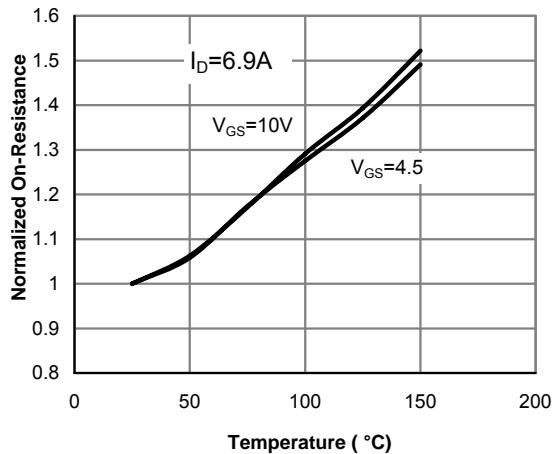


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

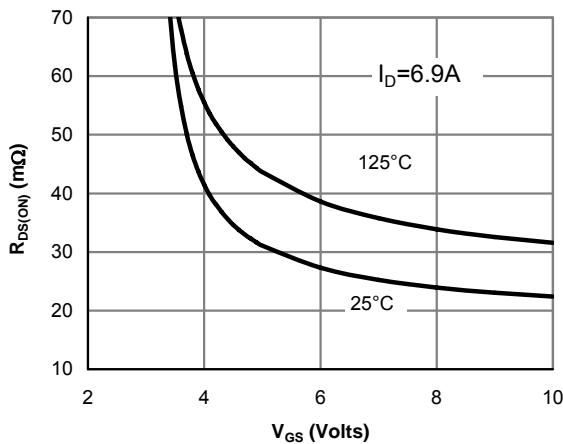


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

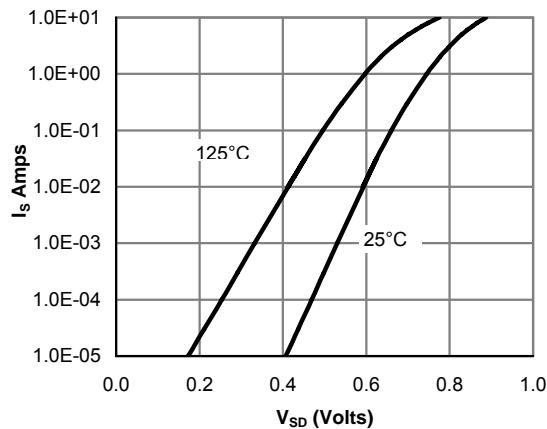


Figure 6: Body diode characteristics

N-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

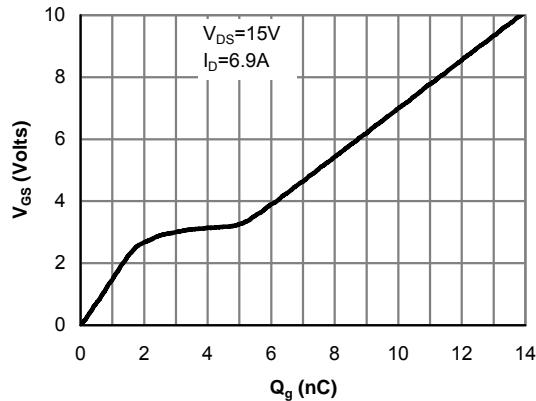


Figure 7: Gate-Charge characteristics

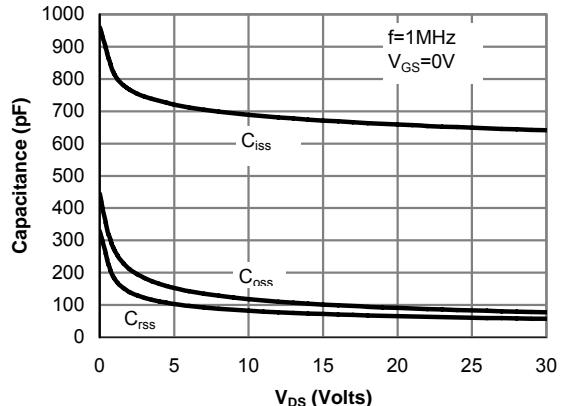


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

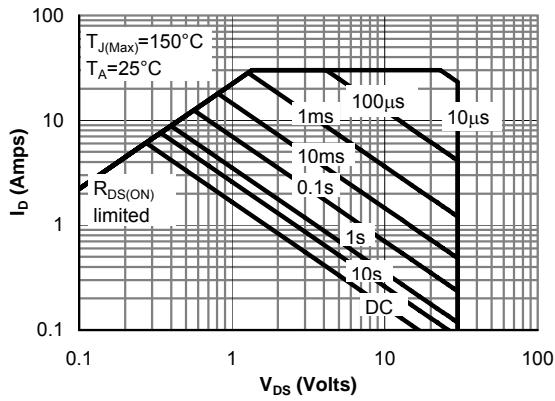


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

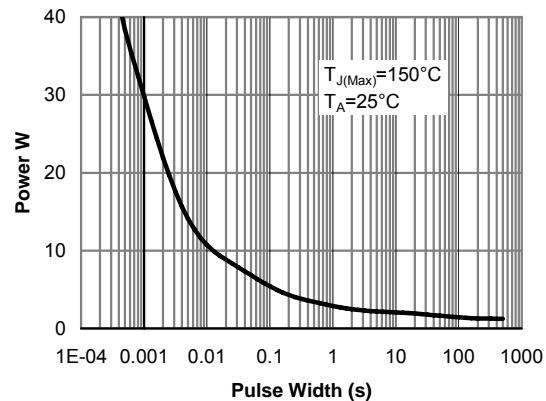


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

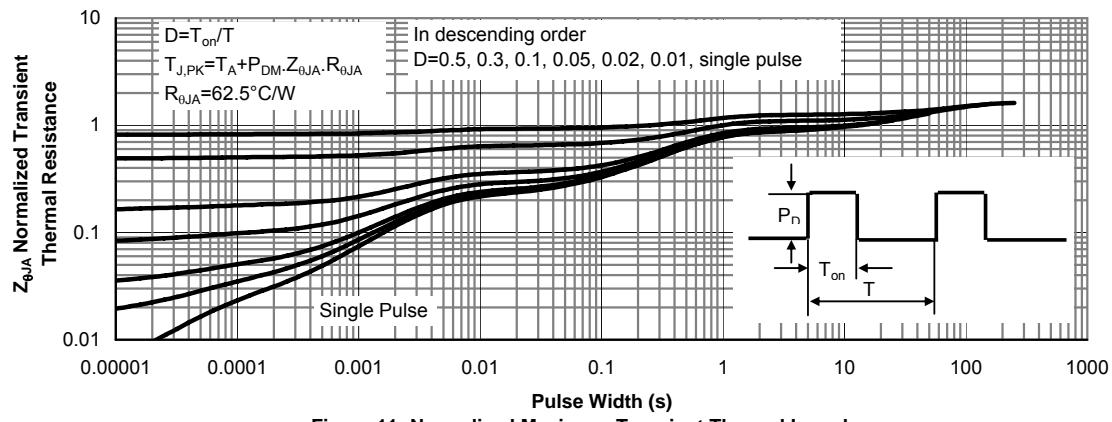


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

P-CHANNEL: Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-1	-5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			±100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.98	-3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-5.4\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	35	45		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-4\text{A}$	49	64		
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-5.4\text{A}$	6	8.6		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.78	-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2.8	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	700	900		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		120			pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		75			pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	10	15		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-5.4\text{A}$	14.7	19		nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)		7.6	10		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge		2			nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge		3.8			nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=2.8\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$	8.3			ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time		5			ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime		29			ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time		14			ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-5.4\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	23.5	30		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-5.4\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	13.4			nC

A: The value of R_{JJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{JJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{JUL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 0: Apr. 2006

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE

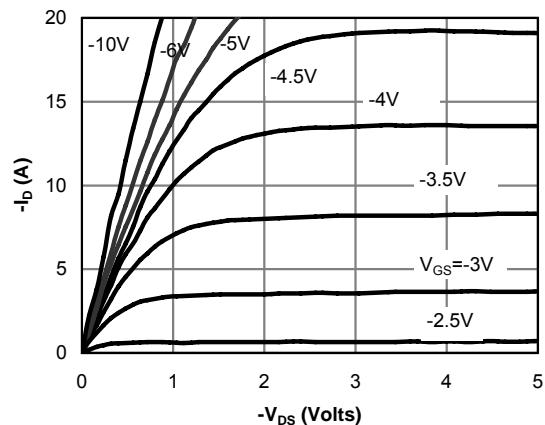
P-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

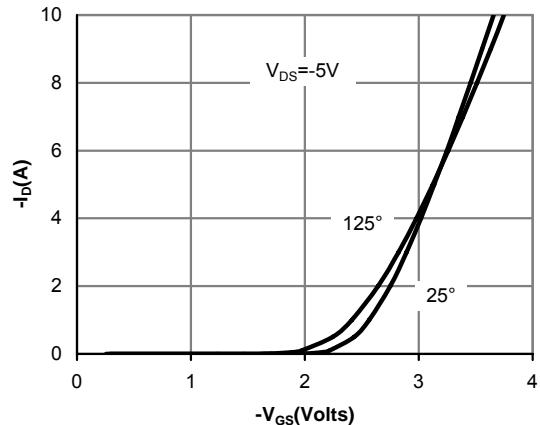


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

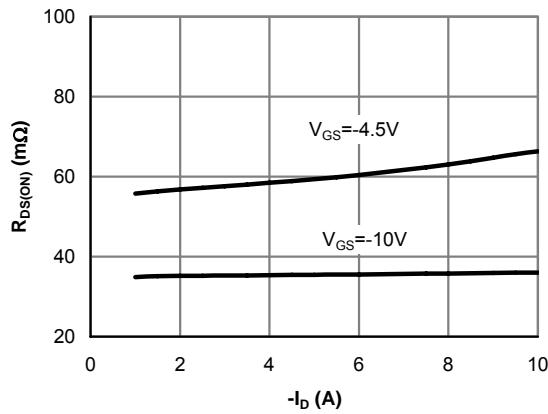


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

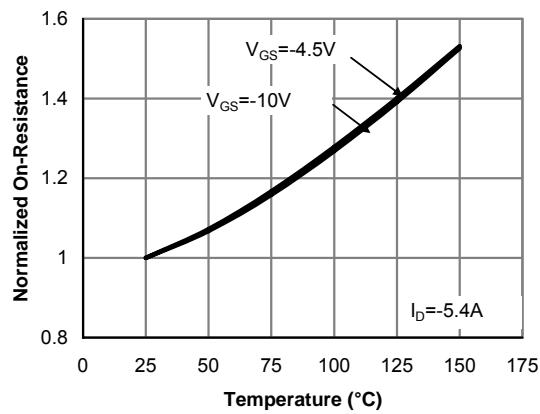


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

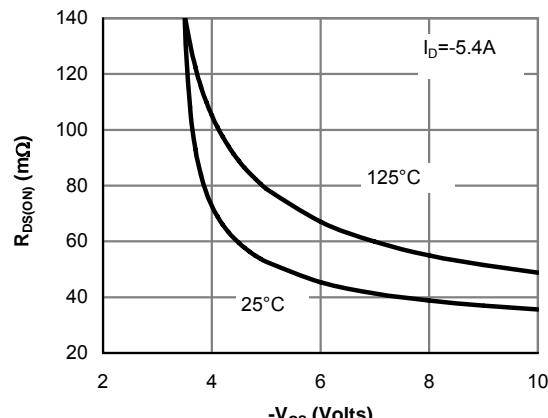


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

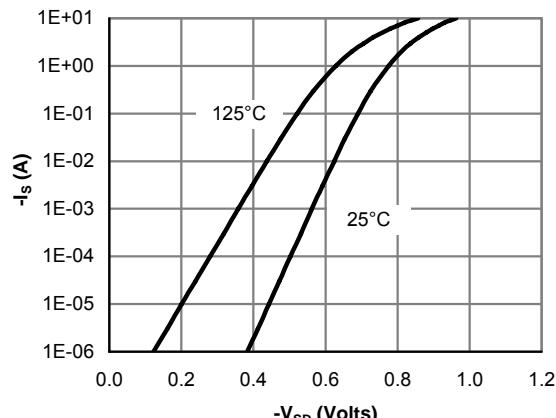


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

P-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

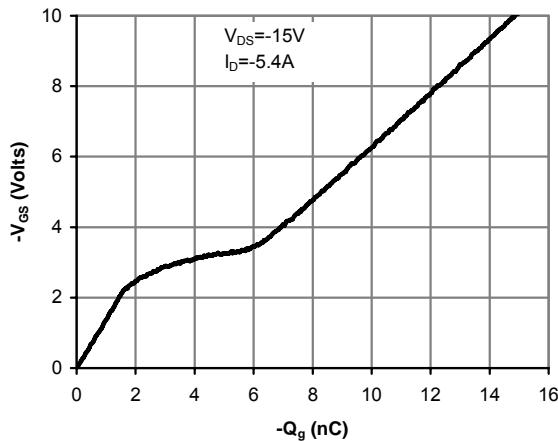


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

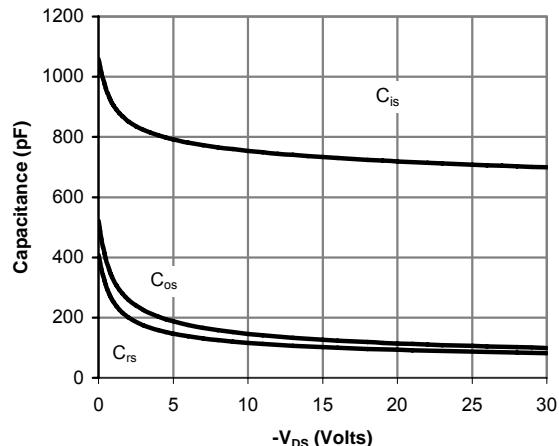


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

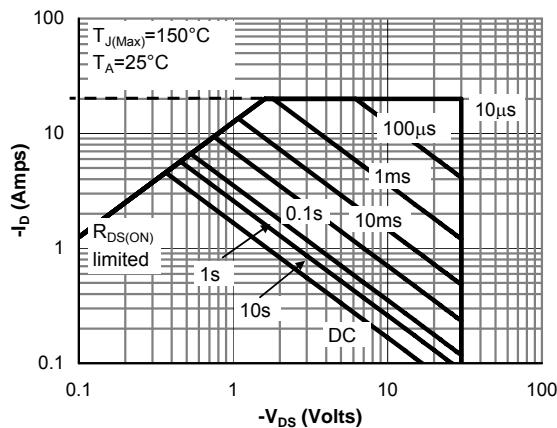


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

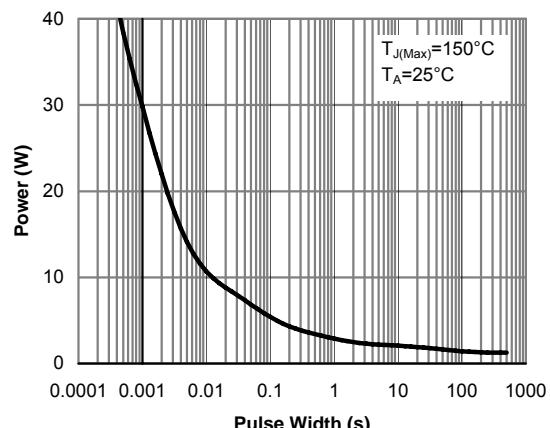


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

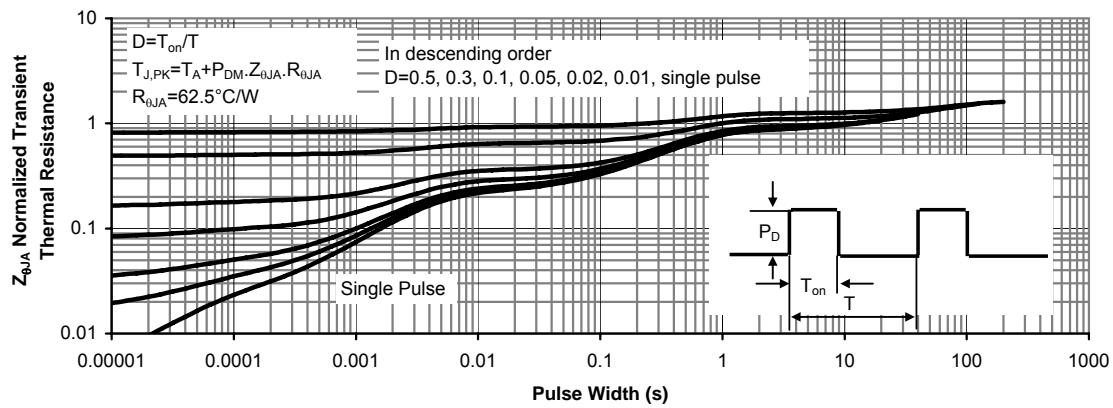


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance