

# M57950L

HYBRID IC FOR DRIVING TRANSISTOR MODULES

## DESCRIPTION

M57950L is a Hybrid Integrated Circuit designed for driving Transistor Modules QM30DY, QM50DY, etc., in an Inverter application. This device operates as an isolation amplifier for Transistor Modules due to the electrical isolation between the input and output, and features a small outline of 10-pin SIP.

## FEATURES

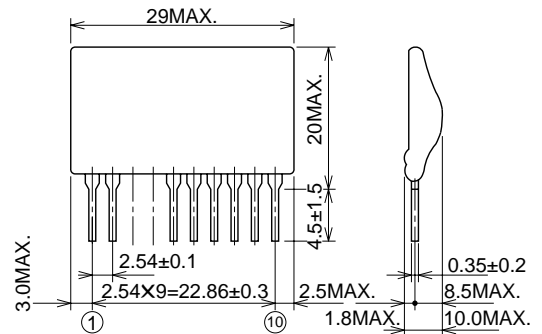
- Electrical isolation between input and output with integrated opto-coupler.  $V_{iso}=2500V_{rms}$   
Large load and sink current driving capability  
.....  $I_{OL}=-1A$  (MAX)  
.....  $I_{OLP}=-3A$  (MAX)
- Applicable with TTL input
- Small outline, 10-pin SIP package

## APPLICATION

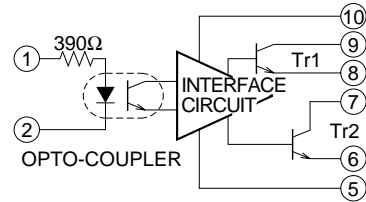
To drive Transistor Modules for Inverter applications

## OUTLINE DRAWING

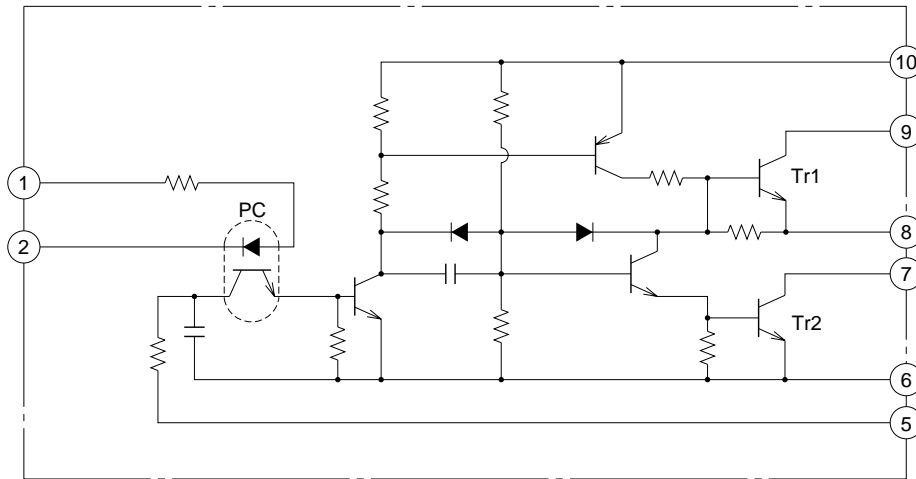
Dimensions in mm



## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



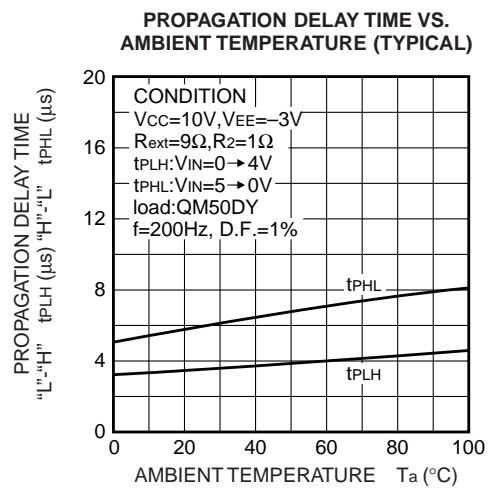
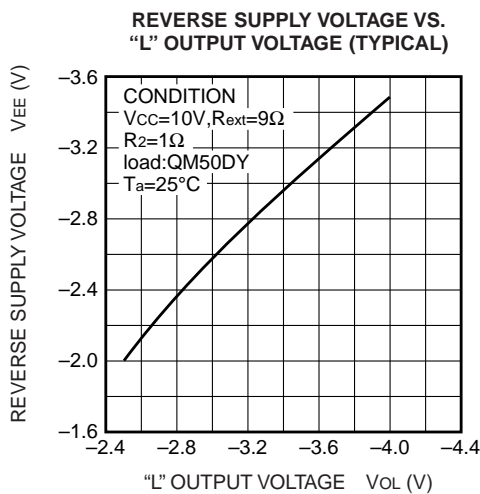
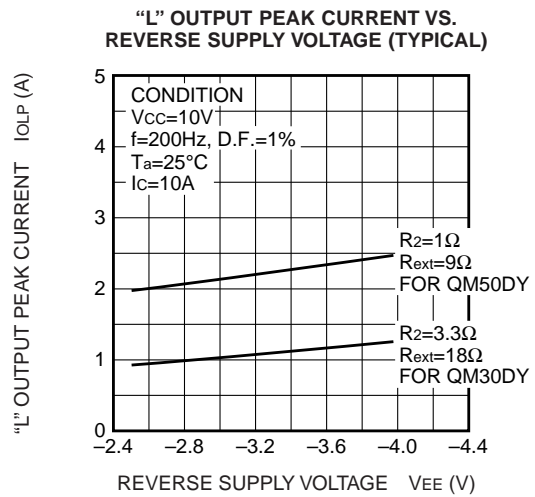
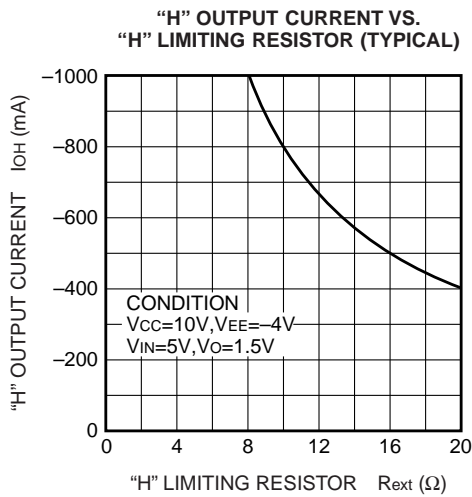
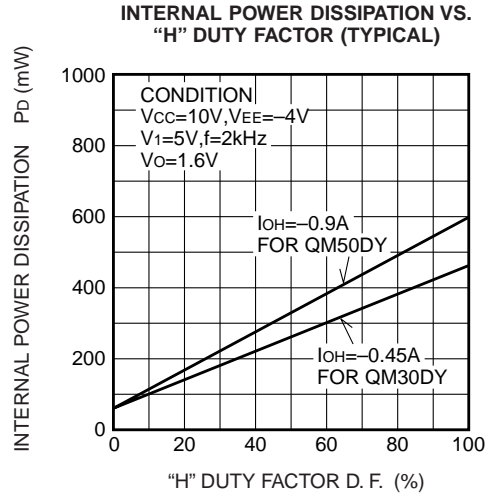
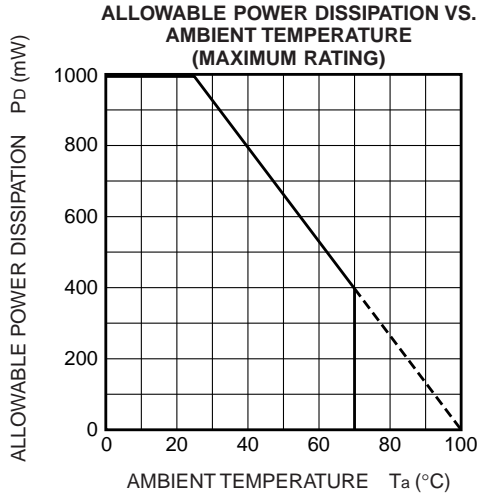
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_a = -20 \sim +70^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
VCC	Supply voltage	DC	14	V
VEE	Supply voltage	DC	-5	V
VI	Input voltage	Between terminals ① and ②	-1 ~ 7	V
IOH	Output current		-1	A
IOLP		Pulse width 10 $\mu$ s, Freq. 2kHz, peak value	3	A
Viso	Isolation voltage	Sinewave voltage 60Hz/min. $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2500	Vrms
Tj	Junction temperature		100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Topg	Operating temperature		-20 ~ +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
Tstg	Storage temperature		-25 ~ +100	$^\circ\text{C}$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 8\text{V}$ , unless otherwise noted)

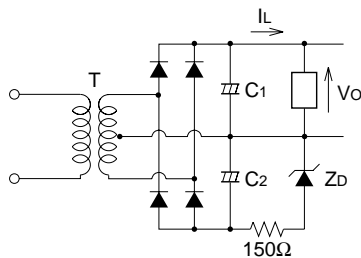
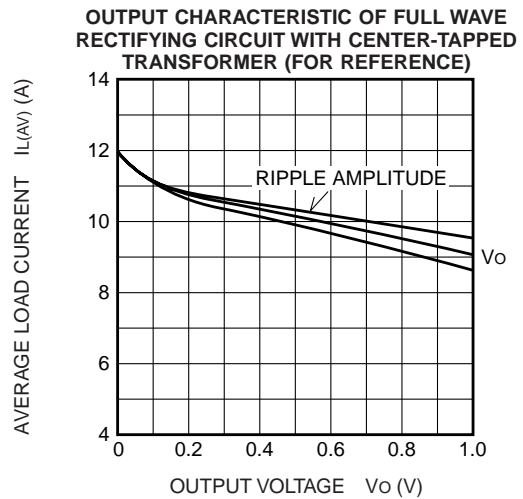
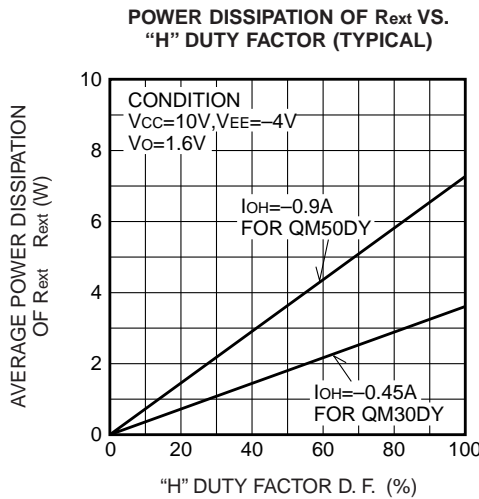
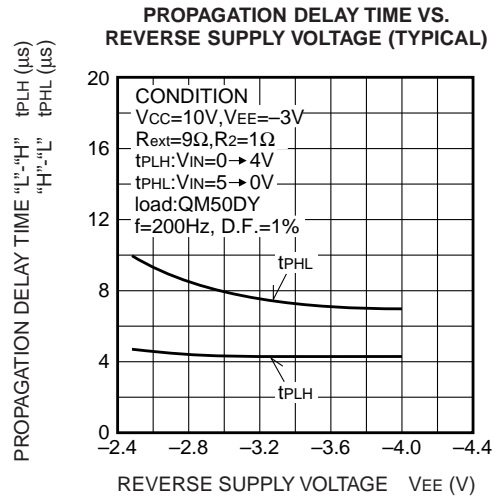
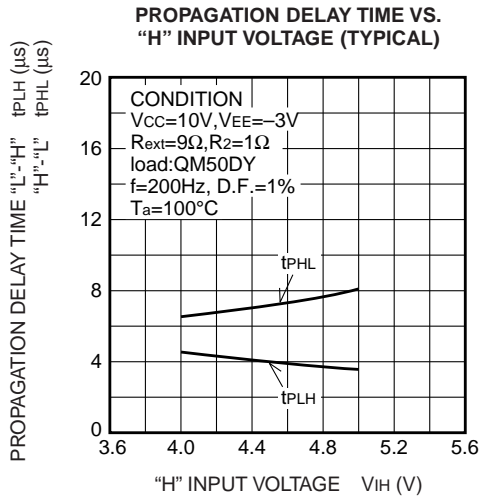
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
IiH	"H" input current	$V_I = 5\text{V}$	-	10	-	mA
IOH	"H" output current	$R_{ext} = 9\Omega$ , $V = 1.6\text{V}$	-0.8	-	-	A
IOLP	"L" output peak current	$C_{ext} = 10\mu\text{F}$ , $R_2 = 2\Omega$	-	2	-	A
Pd	Internal power dissipation	$I_{OH} = -0.9\text{A}$ , $I_{OLP} = 2\text{A}$ , $f = 2\text{kHz}$ , $D.F. = 50\%$	-	0.33	-	W
tPLH	"L-H" propagation delay time	$V_I = 0 \rightarrow 4\text{V}$ , $T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$	-	5	10	$\mu\text{s}$
tr	"L-H" rise time	$V_I = 0 \rightarrow 4\text{V}$ , $T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	2	$\mu\text{s}$
tPHL	"H-L" propagation delay time	$V_I = 5 \rightarrow 0\text{V}$ , $T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$	-	8	15	$\mu\text{s}$
tf	"H-L" fall time	$V_I = 5 \rightarrow 0\text{V}$ , $T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	3	$\mu\text{s}$

PERFORMANCE CURVES



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HYBRID IC FOR DRIVING TRANSISTOR MODULES



T: 8V, 1AX2 CENTER-TAPPED TRANSFORMER  
 $C_1: 4700\mu F, C_2: 470\mu F$

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## EXPLANATION OF FUNCTION

(cf. Fig. 2, 3, 4, and 5)

(1) With low input level ( $V_{in}=0 \sim 1V$ )

Tr1 ..... OFF, Tr2 ..... ON

The base terminal of transistor module is reverse biased with respect to its emitter by reverse power supply VEE.

(2) With high input level ( $V_{in}=4 \sim 5V$ )

Tr1 ..... ON, Tr2 ..... OFF

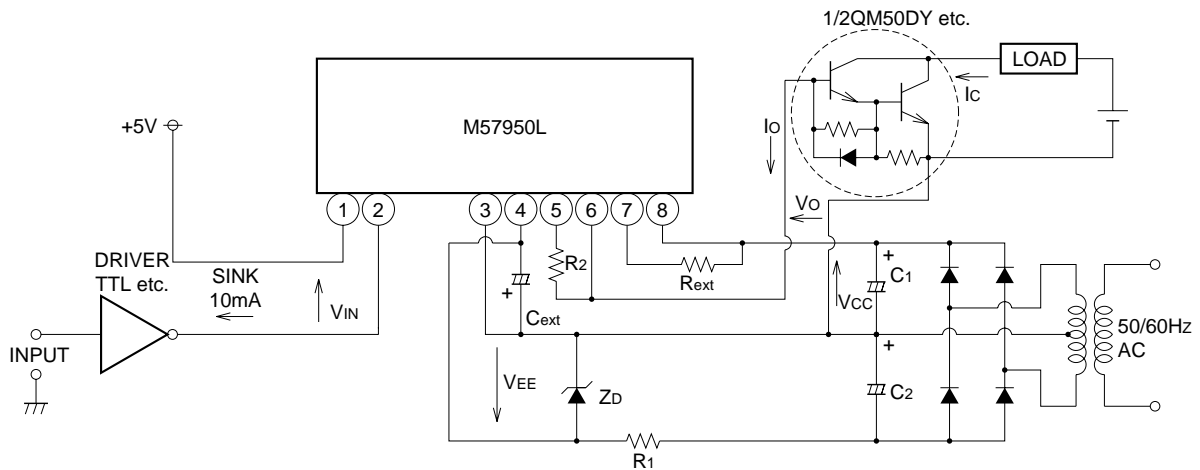
The base terminal of transistor module is forward biased and driven by the current  $I_{OH}$  through the resistor  $R_{ext}$ .

(3) With low input level ( $V_{in}=0 \sim 1V$ )

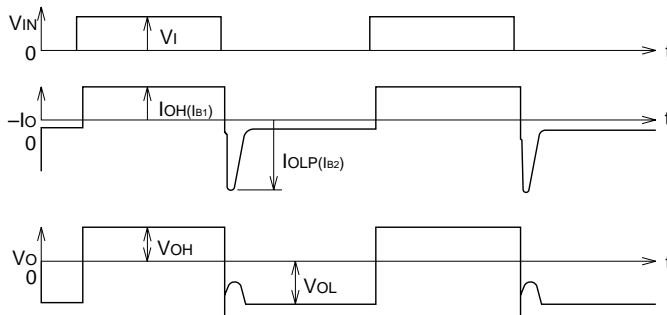
Tr1 ..... OFF, Tr2 ..... ON

The base terminal of transistor module is reverse biased as stated in (1) after flowing reverse recovery pulse current  $I_{OLP}$ . The steady reverse base current is limited by the internal base-emitter resistor  $R_{BE}$  of the transistor module.

## M57950L Typical application circuit



## M57950L Typical operating waveform



**Note:**  $I_{OH}$  and  $I_{OLP}$  correspond to base forward current  $I_{B1}$  and base reverse current  $I_{B2}$  of the transistor module to be driven respectively.